

**THE REAL ESTATE (REGULATION AND
DEVELOPMENT) ACT, 2016**
with
TEXT OF THE RELEVANT RULES
(FRAMED BY GOVT. OF MAHARASHTRA)
APPENDED TO THE CONCERNED PROVISION OF THE ACT

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ASHOK BOGHANI & Co

**THE REAL ESTATE (REGULATION AND
DEVELOPMENT) ACT, 2016**

NO. 16 OF 2016

[25th March, 2016.]

An Act to establish the Real Estate Regulatory Authority for regulation and promotion of the real estate sector and to ensure sale of plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, or sale of real estate project, in an efficient and transparent manner and to protect the interest of consumers in the real estate sector and to establish an adjudicating mechanism for speedy dispute redressal and also to establish the Appellate Tribunal to hear appeals from the decisions, directions or orders of the Real Estate Regulatory Authority and the adjudicating officer and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. BE it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

**CHAPTER I
PRELIMINARY**

1. Short title, extent and commencement. (1) This Act may be called the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint:

Provided that different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act and any reference in any such provision to the commencement of this Act shall be construed as a reference to the coming into force of that provision.

RULES

1. Short title and commencement.— (1) These rules may be called the Maharashtra Real Estate (Regulation and Development)(Registration of real estate projects, Registration of real estate agents, rates of interest and disclosures on website) Rules, 2017.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette: Provided that the relevant rules shall be effective from the date of notification of commencement of relevant provisions by the Central Government.

NOTE

The Real Estate Bill was passed by the Rajya Sabha on 10th March, 2016 and the Lok Sabha on 15th March, 2016. The Bill as passed by the Parliament was assented to by the Hon'ble President on 25th March, 2016. The Act as assented to by the Hon'ble President was published in the Official Gazette on 26th March, 2016 for public information.

Section 2, sections 20 to 39, sections 41 to 58, sections 71 to 78 and sections 81 to 92 were notified by the Central Government to come into effect **from 1st May, 2016.**

Sections 3 to 19, Section 40, Sections 59 to 70 and Sections 79 to 80 were notified by the Central Government Gazette dated 19th April, 2017 to come into effect **from 1st May, 2017.**

2. Definitions.

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "adjudicating officer"

means the adjudicating officer appointed under sub-section (1) of section 71;

(b) "advertisement"

means any document described or issued as advertisement through any medium and includes any notice, circular or other documents or publicity in any form, informing persons about a real estate project, or offering for sale of a plot, building or apartment or inviting persons to purchase in any manner such plot, building or apartment or to make advances or deposits for such purposes;

(c) "agreement for sale"

means an agreement entered into between the promoter and the allottee;

(d) "allottee"

in relation to a real estate project, means the person to whom a plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, has been allotted, sold (whether as freehold or leasehold) or otherwise transferred by the promoter, and includes the person who subsequently acquires the said allotment through sale, transfer or otherwise but does not include a person to whom such plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, is given on rent;

(e) "apartment"

whether called block, chamber, dwelling unit, flat, office, showroom, shop, godown, premises, suit, tenement, unit or by any other name, means a separate and self-contained part of any immovable property, including one or more rooms or enclosed spaces, located on one or more floors or any part thereof, in a building or on a plot of land, used or intended to be used for any residential or commercial use such as residence, office, shop, showroom or godown or for carrying on any business, occupation, profession or trade, or for any other type of use ancillary to the purpose specified;

(f) "Appellate Tribunal "

means the Real Estate Appellate Tribunal established under section 43;

(g) "appropriate Government"

means in respect of matters relating to,—

- (i) the Union territory without Legislature, the Central Government;
- (ii) the Union territory of Puducherry, the Union territory Government;
- (iii) the Union territory of Delhi, the Central Ministry of Urban Development;
- (iv) the State, the State Government;

(h) "architect"

means a person registered as an architect under the provisions of the Architects Act, 1972;

(i) "Authority"

means the Real Estate Regulatory Authority established under sub-section (1) of section 20;

(j) "building"

includes any structure or erection or part of a structure or erection which is intended to be used for residential, commercial or for the purpose of any business, occupation, profession or trade, or for any other related purposes;

(k) "carpet area"

means the net usable floor area of an apartment, excluding the area covered by the external walls, areas under services shafts, exclusive balcony or verandah area and exclusive open terrace area, but includes the area covered by the internal partition walls of the apartment.

Explanation.— For the purpose of this clause, the expression

"exclusive balcony or verandah area"

means the area of the balcony or verandah, as the case may be, which is appurtenant to the net usable floor area of an apartment, meant for the exclusive use of the allottee; and

"exclusive open terrace area"

means the area of open terrace which is appurtenant to the net usable floor area of an apartment, meant for the exclusive use of the allottee;

(l) "Chairperson"

means the Chairperson of the Real Estate Regulatory Authority appointed under section 21;

(m) "commencement certificate"

means the commencement certificate or the building permit or the construction permit, by whatever name called issued by the competent authority to allow or permit the promoter to begin development works on an immovable property, as per the sanctioned plan;

(n) "common areas"

mean—

(i) the entire land for the real estate project or where the project is developed in phases and registration under this Act is sought for a phase, the entire land for that phase;

(ii) the stair cases, lifts, staircase and lift lobbies, fire escapes, and common entrances and exits of buildings;

(iii) the common basements, terraces, parks, play areas, open parking areas and common storage spaces;

(iv) the premises for the lodging of persons employed for the management of the property including accommodation for watch and ward staffs or for the lodging of community service personnel;

(v) installations of central services such as electricity, gas, water and sanitation, air-conditioning and incinerating, system for water conservation and renewable energy;

(vi) the water tanks, sumps, motors, fans, compressors, ducts and all apparatus connected with installations for common use;

(vii) all community and commercial facilities as provided in the real estate project;

(viii) all other portion of the project necessary or convenient for its maintenance, safety, etc., and in common use;

(o) "company"

means a company incorporated and registered under the Companies Act, 2013 and includes,—

(i) a corporation established by or under any Central Act or State Act;

(ii) a development authority or any public authority established by the Government in this behalf under any law for the time being in force;

(p) "competent authority"

means the local authority or any authority created or established under any law for the time being in force by the appropriate Government which exercises authority over land under its jurisdiction, and has powers to give permission for development of such immovable property;

(q) "completion certificate"

means the completion certificate, or such other certificate, by whatever name called, issued by the competent authority certifying that the real estate project has been developed according to the sanctioned plan, layout plan and specifications, as approved by the competent authority under the local laws;

(r) "day"

means the working day, in the concerned State or Union territory, as the case may be, notified by the appropriate Government from time to time;

(s) "development"

with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means carrying out the development of immovable property, engineering or other operations in, on,

over or under the land or the making of any material change in any immovable property or land and includes re-development;

(t) "development works"

means the external development works and internal development works on immovable property;

(u) "engineer"

means a person who possesses a bachelor's degree or equivalent from an institution recognised by the All India Council of Technical Education or any University or any institution recognised under a law or is registered as an engineer under any law for the time being in force;

(v) "estimated cost of real estate project"

means the total cost involved in developing the real estate project and includes the land cost, taxes, cess, development and other charges;

(w) "external development works"

includes roads and road systems landscaping, water supply, sewage and drainage systems, electricity supply transformer, sub-station, solid waste management and disposal or any other work which may have to be executed in the periphery of, or outside, a project for its benefit, as may be provided under the local laws;

(x) "family"

includes husband, wife, minor son and unmarried daughter wholly dependent on a person;

(y) "garage"

means a place within a project having a roof and walls on three sides for parking any vehicle, but does not include an unenclosed or uncovered parking space such as open parking areas;

(z) "immovable property"

includes land, buildings, rights of ways, lights or any other benefit arising out of land and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything which is attached to the earth, but not standing timber, standing crops or grass;

(za) "interest"

means the rates of interest payable by the promoter or the allottee, as the case may be.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause—

(i) the rate of interest chargeable from the allottee by the promoter, in case of default, shall be equal to the rate of interest which the promoter shall be liable to pay the allottee, in case of default;

(ii) the interest payable by the promoter to the allottee shall be from the date the promoter received the amount or any part thereof till the date the amount or part thereof and interest thereon is refunded, and the interest payable by the allottee to the promoter shall be from the date the allottee defaults in payment to the promoter till the date it is paid;

(zb) "internal development works"

means roads, footpaths, water supply, sewers, drains, parks, tree planting, street lighting, provision for community buildings and for treatment and disposal of sewage and sullage water, solid waste management and disposal, water conservation, energy management, fire protection and fire safety requirements, social infrastructure such as educational health and other public amenities or any other work in a project for its benefit, as per sanctioned plans;

(zc) "local authority"

means the Municipal Corporation or Municipality or Panchayats or any other Local Body constituted under any law for the time being in force for providing municipal services or basic services, as the case may be, in respect of areas under its jurisdiction;

(zd) "Member"

means the member of the Real Estate Regulatory Authority appointed under section 21 and includes the Chairperson;

(ze) "notification"

means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the expression "**notify**"

shall be construed accordingly;

(zf) "occupancy certificate"

means the occupancy certificate, or such other certificate by whatever name called, issued by the competent authority permitting occupation of any building, as provided under local laws, which has provision for civic infrastructure such as water, sanitation and electricity;

(zg) "Person"

includes,—

(i) an individual;

(ii) a Hindu undivided family;

(iii) a company;

(iv) a firm under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 or the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, as the case may be;

(v) a competent authority;

(vi) an association of persons or a body of individuals whether incorporated or not;

(vii) a co-operative society registered under any law relating to co-operative societies;

(viii) any such other entity as the appropriate Government may, by notification, specify in this behalf;

(zh) "planning area"

means a planning area or a development area or a local planning area or a regional development plan area, by whatever name called, or any other area specified as such by the appropriate Government or any competent authority and includes any area designated by the appropriate Government or the competent authority to be a planning area for future planned development, under the law relating to Town and Country Planning for the time being in force and as revised from time to time;

(zi) "prescribed"

means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(zj) "project"

means the real estate project as defined in clause (zn);

(zk) "promoter"

means,—

(i) a person who constructs or causes to be constructed an independent building or a building consisting of apartments, or converts an existing building or a part thereof into apartments, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments to other persons and includes his assignees; or

(ii) a person who develops land into a project, whether or not the person also constructs structures on any of the plots, for the purpose of selling to other persons all or some of the plots in the said project, whether with or without structures thereon; or

(iii) any development authority or any other public body in respect of allottees of—

(a) buildings or apartments, as the case may be, constructed by such authority or body on lands owned by them or placed at their disposal by the Government; or

(b) plots owned by such authority or body or placed at their disposal by the Government, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments or plots; or

(iv) an apex State level co-operative housing finance society and a primary co-operative housing society which constructs apartments or buildings for its Members or in respect of the allottees of such apartments or buildings; or

(v) any other person who acts himself as a builder, coloniser, contractor, developer, estate developer or by any other name or claims to be acting as the holder of a power of attorney from the owner of the land on which the building or apartment is constructed or plot is developed for sale; or

(vi) such other person who constructs any building or apartment for sale to the general public.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, where the person who constructs or converts a building into apartments or develops a plot for sale and the persons who sells apartments or plots are different persons, both of them shall be deemed to be the promoters and shall be jointly liable as such for the functions and responsibilities specified, under this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder;

(zl) "prospectus"

means any document described or issued as a prospectus or any notice, circular, or other document offering for sale or any real estate project or inviting any person to make advances or deposits for such purposes;

(zm) "real estate agent"

means any person, who negotiates or acts on behalf of one person in a transaction of transfer of his plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, in a real estate project, by way of sale, with another person or transfer of plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, of any other person to him and

receives remuneration or fees or any other charges for his services whether as commission or otherwise and includes a person who introduces, through any medium, prospective buyers and sellers to each other for negotiation for sale or purchase of plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, and includes property dealers, brokers, middlemen by whatever name called;

(zn) "real estate project"

means the development of a building or a building consisting of apartments, or converting an existing building or a part thereof into apartments, or the development of land into plots or apartment, as the case may be, for the purpose of selling all or some of the said apartments or plots or building, as the case may be, and includes the common areas, the development works, all improvements and structures thereon, and all easement, rights and appurtenances belonging thereto;

(zo) "regulations"

means the regulations made by the Authority under this Act;

(zp) "rule"

means the rules made under this Act by the appropriate Government;

(zq) "sanctioned plan"

means the site plan, building plan, service plan, parking and circulation plan, landscape plan, layout plan, zoning plan and such other plan and includes structural designs, if applicable, permissions such as environment permission and such other permissions, which are approved by the competent authority prior to start of a real estate project;

(zr) words and expressions used herein but not defined in this Act and defined in any law for the time being in force or in the municipal laws or such other relevant laws of the appropriate Government shall have the same meanings respectively assigned to them in those laws.

RULES

2. Definition: - (1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, -

(a) "Act" means the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (Act No. 16 of 2016);

(b) "Annexure" means an annexure appended to these rules;

(c) "Apex Body" or "Federation" means an independent body formed by and consisting of all the Co-operative Societies registered under the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960 (Mah. XXIV of 1961), Companies registered under the Companies Act, 2013 or condominiums or any other legal entity, constituted of the allottee in various buildings with or without wings located within a layout, where each such co-operative society or company or condominium or any other legal entity, as the case may be, which cooperate in the maintenance and administration of common areas and amenities and facilities provided in the layout while independently retaining control of its own internal affairs and administration in respect of each of the buildings for which they are formed;

(d) "Appellate Tribunal" means the Maharashtra Real Estate Appellate Tribunal established under the sub-section (1) of section 43 and shall include its benches;

(e) "ASR" or "Annual Statement of Rates" means the the rate of land and building for different users and as notified under the provisions of the Maharashtra Stamp (Determination of True Market Value of Property) Rules, 1995;

(f) "authenticated copy" shall mean a self-attested copy of any document required to be provided by any person under these rules;

(g) " authorised representative" means a person duly authorised by a party to a proceeding to present Application or to appear or plead on his behalf before the Authority or Appellate Tribunal;

(h) "Authority" means the Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority established under the sub-section (1) of section 20 ;

(i) "Chairperson" means the Chairperson of the Authority appointed under section 21;

(j) "Covered parking space" means an enclosed or covered area as approved by the Competent Authority as per the applicable Development Control Regulations for parking of vehicles of the allottees which may be in basements and/or stilt and/or podium and/or space provided by mechanised parking arrangements but shall not include a garage and/or open parking;

(k) "disclosure" means the information and documents to be uploaded

by the Promoter on the website of the Authority as well as the information and documents, which he is liable to give or produce or cause to be given and produced to the person intending to take or invest in project under the Act to the public at large through print media, electronics media, property exhibitions and promotional events and shall also include the communications made to the Authority, either in physical or electronic form and includes the information, documents, etc., being made available;

(l) "Form" means the forms appended to these Rules;

(m) "FSI "or" Floor Space Index" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in the Building Rules or Building By-laws or Development Control Regulations made under any law for the time being in force; (n) "Legal Practitioner" shall have the same meaning as is assigned to it in the Advocates Act, 1961 (25 of 1961);

(o) "Member" means a Member of the Authority appointed under section 21;

(p) "Phase of a Real Estate Project" may consist of a building or a wing of the building in case of building with multiple wings or defined number of floors in a multistoreyed building/wing;

(q) "Redevelopment Scheme" means a scheme inter alia providing for allotment of apartments in respect of rehabilitation or redevelopment of slum areas, old or dilapidated buildings (whether cessed or not), or cluster of buildings, as may be approved by the relevant competent authority under the provisions of any State or Central law or orders of the State or Central Government;

(r) " regulations" means the regulations made by the Authority;

(s) "section" means a section of the Act ;

(t) "statutory authority" means such authority who is invested with the powers under any law, rules or regulations of the State Government or Central Government; and

(2) Words and expressions used but not defined herein shall have the same meaning respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER II

REGISTRATION OF REAL ESTATE PROJECT AND REGISTRATION OF REAL ESTATE AGENTS

3. Prior registration of real estate project with Real Estate Regulatory Authority. (1) No promoter shall advertise, market, book, sell or offer for sale, or invite persons to purchase in any manner any plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, in any real estate project or part of it, in any planning area, without registering the real estate project with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority established under this Act:

Provided that projects that are ongoing on the date of commencement of this Act and for which the completion certificate has not been issued, the promoter shall make an application to the Authority for registration of the said project within a period of three months from the date of commencement of this Act:

Provided further that if the Authority thinks necessary, in the interest of allottees, for projects which are developed beyond the planning area but with the requisite permission of the local authority, it may, by order, direct the promoter of such project to register with the Authority, and the provisions of this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder, shall apply to such projects from that stage of registration.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), no registration of the real estate project shall be required—

(a) where the area of land proposed to be developed does not exceed five hundred square meters or the number of apartments proposed to be developed does not exceed eight inclusive of all phases:

Provided that, if the appropriate Government considers it necessary, it may, reduce the threshold below five hundred square meters or eight apartments, as the case may be, inclusive of all phases, for exemption from registration under this Act;

(b) where the promoter has received completion certificate for a real estate project prior to commencement of this Act;

(c) for the purpose of renovation or repair or re-development which does not involve marketing, advertising selling or new allotment of any apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, under the real estate project.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this section, where the real estate project is to be developed in phases, every such phase shall be considered a stand alone real estate project, and the promoter shall obtain registration under this Act for each phase separately.

4. Application for registration of real estate projects. (1) Every promoter shall make an application to the Authority for registration of the real estate project in such form, manner, within such time and accompanied by such fee as may be specified by the regulations made by the Authority.

(2) The promoter shall enclose the following documents along with the application referred to in sub-section (1), namely:—

(a) a brief details of his enterprise including its name, registered address, type of enterprise (proprietorship, societies, partnership, companies, competent authority), and the particulars of registration, and the names and photographs of the promoter;

(b) a brief detail of the projects launched by him, in the past five years, whether already completed or being developed, as the case may be, including the current status of the said projects, any delay in its completion, details of cases pending, details of type of land and payments pending;

(c) an authenticated copy of the approvals and commencement certificate from the competent authority obtained in accordance with the laws as may be applicable for the real estate project mentioned in the application, and where the project is proposed to be developed in phases, an authenticated copy of the approvals and commencement certificate from the competent authority for each of such phases;

(d) the sanctioned plan, layout plan and specifications of the proposed project or the phase thereof, and the whole project as sanctioned by the competent authority;

(e) the plan of development works to be executed in the proposed project and the proposed facilities to be provided thereof including fire fighting facilities, drinking water facilities, emergency evacuation services, use of renewable energy;

(f) the location details of the project, with clear demarcation of land dedicated for the project along with its boundaries including the latitude and longitude of the end points of the project;

(g) proforma of the allotment letter, agreement for sale, and the conveyance deed proposed to be signed with the allottees;

(h) the number, type and the carpet area of apartments for sale in the project along with the area of the exclusive balcony or verandah areas and the exclusive open terrace areas apartment with the apartment, if any;

(i) the number and areas of garage for sale in the project;

(j) the names and addresses of his real estate agents, if any, for the proposed project;

(k) the names and addresses of the contractors, architect, structural engineer, if any and other persons concerned with the development of the proposed project;

(l) a declaration, supported by an affidavit, which shall be signed by the promoter or any person authorised by the promoter, stating:—

(A) that he has a legal title to the land on which the development is proposed along with legally valid documents with authentication of such title, if such land is owned by another person;

(B) that the land is free from all encumbrances, or as the case may be details of the encumbrances on such land including any rights, title, interest or name of any party in or over such land along with details;

(C) the time period within which he undertakes to complete the project or phase thereof, as the case may be;

(D) that seventy per cent. of the amounts realised for the real estate project from the allottees, from time to time, shall be deposited in a separate account to be maintained in a scheduled bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost and shall be used only for that purpose:

Provided that the promoter shall withdraw the amounts from the separate account, to cover the cost of the project, in proportion to the percentage of completion of the project:

Provided further that the amounts from the separate account shall be withdrawn by the promoter after it is certified by an engineer, an architect and a chartered accountant in practice that the withdrawal is in proportion to the percentage of completion of the project:

Provided also that the promoter shall get his accounts audited within six months after the end of every financial year by a chartered accountant in practice, and shall produce a statement of accounts duly certified and signed by such chartered accountant and it shall be verified during the audit that the amounts collected for a particular project have been utilised for the project and the withdrawal has been in compliance with the proportion to the percentage of completion of the project.

Explanation.— For the purpose of this clause, the term "schedule bank" means a bank included in the Second Schduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;

(E) that he shall take all the pending approvals on time, from the competent authorities;

(F) that he has furnished such other documents as may be prescribed by the rules or regulations made under this Act; and

(m) such other information and documents as may be prescribed.

(3) The Authority shall operationalise a web based online system for submitting applications for registration of projects within a period of one year from the date of its establishment.

RULES

3. Information to be furnished by the promoter for the registration of real estate project.- (1) The promoter shall furnish to the Authority such information as is required under the Act and documents, specified under the sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 4 of the Act, for registration of the real estate project with the Authority.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-rule (1), the promoter shall also furnish the following information and documents:-

(a) Authenticated copy of the PAN card of the promoter;

(b) Name, photograph, contact details and address of the promoter if he is an individual or authorized representative; or the name, photograph, contact details and address of the chairman, partners, directors, as the case may be, and the authorized representative in case of other entities.

(c) A copy of the legal title report reflecting the flow of title of the owner or promoter to the land on which development is proposed, with authentication of such title by practicing advocate;

(d) Where the promoter is not the owner of the land on which development is proposed, a copy of the collaboration agreement, development agreement, joint development agreement or any other form of agreement, as the case may be, entered into between the promoter and such owner, reflecting the consent of the owner of the land and authenticated copies of legal title report reflecting the title of such owner, on the land proposed to be developed;

(e) The information relating to the encumbrances in respect of the land where the real estate project is proposed to be undertaken and the details regarding the proceedings which are sub-judice (if any) in respect of such land;

(f) (i) sanctioned plan where the project is being developed along with information relating to the FSI/ TDR and other entitlements which are proposed to be utilized in accordance with the relevant Development Control Regulations for the time being in force, for carrying out such sanctioned plan and the amenities and common facilities (including common areas, parking spaces) to be provided in accordance with the sanctioned plan;

(ii) the Proposed Plan, Proposed Layout Plan of the whole project and Floor Space Index proposed to be consumed in the whole project, as proposed by the promoter;

(iii) proposed Floor Space Index to be consumed and sanctioned Floor Space Index. In case the sanctioned Floor Space Index is different than what is proposed to be consumed by the promoter, then the proposed Floor Space Index shall be disclosed at the time of registration and as and when the Floor Space Index is sanctioned, the same shall be uploaded on the website of the Authority by the promoter from time to time;

(iv) proposed Number of building(s) or wing(s) to be constructed and sanctioned number of the building(s) or wing(s). In case the sanctioned number of building(s) or wing(s) is different than what is proposed to be constructed by the promoter, then the proposed number of building(s) or wing(s) shall be disclosed at the time of registration and as and when the additional number of building(s) or wing(s) are sanctioned, the same shall be uploaded on the website of the Authority by the promoter from time to time;

(v) proposed number of floors in respect of each of the building or wing to be constructed and sanctioned number of floors in respect of each of the building or wing. In case the sanctioned number of floors is different than what is proposed to be constructed by the promoter, then the proposed number of floors shall be disclosed at the time of registration and as and when the additional number of floors are sanctioned, the same shall be uploaded on the website of the Authority by the promoter from time to time;

(vi) Aggregate area in sq. meters of the recreation open space;

(vii) The number of covered parking spaces,

(g) the particulars in respect of Architecture and Design Standards, Type of Construction Technology, Earthquake Resistant Measures and the like to be adopted for Buildings and for Common Areas and of

amenities / facilities in the Layout Plan of the real estate project;

(h) the nature of the organisation of allottees to be constituted and to which the title of such land parcels is to be conveyed and the specific local laws to govern such organisation of allottees on completion of real estate project;

(i) the promoter shall also provide such other information and documents, as may be required by the Authority under these rules or the regulations.

(3) The application for registration of a real estate project referred to in sub-section

(1) of section 4 shall be made Form 'A' and in writing by the promoter or his authorised representative authorized by a letter of Authority or Board Resolution and shall be submitted in triplicate.

(4) When the provision for submission of web-based applications for registration of projects has been made by the Authority under sub-section (3) of section 4, the provisions of sub-rule (3) shall not apply.

(5) (i) At the time of application for registration, the promoter shall pay a registration fee, calculated on the area of the land proposed to be developed at the rate of, rupees ten per square meter, subject to a minimum of rupees fifty thousand only and a maximum of rupees ten lakhs;

(ii) The fees for registration of real estate project shall be paid through NEFT or RTGS System or any other digital transaction mode.

(6) The declaration to be submitted under clause (l) of sub-section (2) of section 4 shall be in form "B".

Explanation.-The registration of a real estate project shall not be required,-

(i) for the purpose of any renovations or repair or redevelopment which does not involve marketing, advertisement, selling or new allotment of any apartment , plot or building as the case may be under the real estate project;

(ii) where only structural repairs of existing buildings are being undertaken by or through any Public Authority or as per requirement under any law, rules or regulations of the State Government or directions of any Competent Authority.

(7) The promoter may apply for withdrawal of application for registration of the real estate project before the expiry of the period of 30 days of its submission to Authority

provided that under sub-section (1) of section 5. In such cases, the registration fee to the extent as specified by the regulations framed by the Authority, shall be retained as administrative charges towards processing of application by the Authority and the remaining amount shall be refunded to the promoter within such period as may be specified in such regulations.

(8) The promoter shall disclose,-

(a) land cost in the real estate project for the purposes of sub-clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4;

(b) cost of construction in real estate project for the purposes of sub-clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4;

(c) "estimated cost of the real estate project," within the meaning of clause (v) of section 2.

4. Disclosure by promoter of ongoing real estate projects.- (1) The promoter of an ongoing real estate project, in which all buildings as per sanctioned plan have not received occupancy certificate or completion certificate, as the case may be, as provided by clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 3, shall be required to submit application for registration for each such phase of the project, within a period of three months from the date of commencement of section 3.

Explanation. -For the purpose of this sub-rule, -

(I) the expression "phase of the project" means the the building or buildings in a project in respect of which occupancy or completion certificate has not been received;

(II) the term "completion certificate" shall mean such building permission or certificate, by whatever name called, which is issued by the competent authority by or under the provisions of Maharashtra Regional Town Planning Act, 1966 or any other law for the time being in force, in accordance with which the permission for development has been granted.

(2) The Promoter shall disclose all details of ongoing real estate

project as required under Sub-section (1) and (2) of section 4 and Rule 3 including the extent of development carried out till the date of application for registration under sub-rule (1), as per the last approved sanctioned plan of the project and the extent of development of common areas, amenities etc. completed in respect of buildings along with expected period of completion of the ongoing real estate project. The promoter shall also disclose the original time period disclosed to the allottees, for completion of the project at the time of sale including the delay and the time period within which he undertakes to complete the pending project, which shall be commensurate with the extent of development already completed. The Promoter shall submit a certificate from the practicing project Architect certifying the percentage of completion of construction work of each of the building / wing of the project, a certificate from the Engineer for the estimated balance cost to complete the construction work of each of the building / wing of the project, and a certificate from a practicing Chartered Accountant, for the estimated balance cost to complete the project. The promoter shall submit a certificate from a practicing Chartered Accountant, certifying the balance amount of receivables from the apartments / flats / premises sold or allotted and in respect of which agreement have been executed and estimated amount of receivables in respect of unsold apartments / flats / premises calculated at the prevailing ASR rate on the date of certificate.

(3) (a) The Promoter shall disclose the number of the apartments sold or allotted to the allottees and further disclose the size of the apartment based on carpet area even if such apartments are sold earlier on any other basis, such as super area, super built up area etc.

(b) In case of plotted development, the promoter shall disclose the area of the plots sold to the allottees including extent of share of common areas and amenities etc.

(4) The Promoter shall construct and develop real estate project in accordance with the sanctioned plan, and layout plans and specifications as approved by the Competent Authorities:

Provided that, the promoter developing a real estate project will be entitled to aggregate any contiguous land parcel through acquisition of ownership and title or by receiving development permission, including for re-development project and thereupon may also obtain phase-wise approvals from the relevant competent authorities to sanctioned plan under applicable laws, rules and regulations:

Provided further that, at the end of ninety days from the date of notification of section 3 of the Act, the promoter shall not advertise,

market, book, sell or offer for sale or invite persons to purchase in any manner any plot, apartment or building respect of such land parcel unless he registers such independent phase as a separate real estate project within the meaning of clause (c) of the Explanation to section 3:

Provided also that, previous written consent of least two-third of the allottees may not be necessary for implementation of the proposed plans/ specifications as disclosed in agreement executed with the allottee prior to registration or for any alterations or additions or modifications in the sanctioned plans, layout plans and specifications of the buildings or common areas in the Real Estate Project which are required to be made by promoter in compliance of any direction or order, etc. issued by, the competent authority or statutory authority, under any law of the State or Central Government, for the time being in force.

5. Withdrawal of amounts deposited in separate account.- (1) With regard to the withdrawal of amounts deposited under sub-clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4, the following provisions shall apply:-

(i) For new projects which will be registered after commencement. - (a) The promoter shall observe the provisions sub-clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4;

(b) For the purpose of amount to be withdrawn from time to time by the promoter from the separate account in respect of each real estate project to cover the cost of the project, the Promoter shall submit following three certificates to the scheduled bank operating the separate account:

First, from the project Architect certifying the percentage of completion of construction work of each of the building / wing of the project;

Second, a certificate from the Engineer for the actual cost incurred on the construction work of each of the building / wing of the project; and

Third, a certificate from a practicing Chartered Accountant, for the cost incurred on construction cost and the land cost. The practicing Chartered Accountant shall also certify the proportion of the cost incurred on construction and land cost to the total estimated cost of the project. The total estimated cost of the project multiplied by such proportion shall determine the maximum amount which can be

withdrawn by the promoter from the separate account.

The promoter shall be required to follow the aforesaid procedure at the time of every withdrawal from the separate account till occupancy certificate in respect of the project is obtained. On receipt of completion Certificate in respect of the project the entire balance amount lying in the separate account can be withdrawn by the promoter.

(ii) For ongoing projects within the meaning of the first proviso to sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Act. –

For an ongoing real estate project in which all buildings or wings as per sanctioned plan have not received occupancy certificate or the completion certificate has not been issued; seventy percent. of the amount to be realized from the allottees shall be deposited in such separate account, in accordance with the provisions of sub-clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of Section 4 of the Act:

Provided further that, in the event where the estimated receivables of the ongoing project is less than the estimated cost of completion of the project, then 100% of the amount to be realized from the allottees shall be deposited in the said separate account;

Explanation I.- – In ascertaining the cost of completion of percentage of the project, the land cost shall include,- (i) The costs incurred by the Promoter for acquisition of ownership and title of the land parcels proposed for the real estate project, including its lease charges, which shall also include overhead cost, marketing cost, legal cost and supervision cost;

(ii) Premium payable to obtain development or redevelopment rights;

(iii) Amount paid for acquisition of TDR;

(iv) Premium for grant of FSI, including additional FSI (if any), fungible FSI; and any other instruments permissible under the Development Control Regulations;

(v) Consideration payable to the outgoing developer to relinquish the ownership and title rights over such land parcels;

(vi) Amounts payable to State Government or Competent Authority or any other Statutory Authority of the State or Central Government, towards Stamp Duty, transfer charges, registration fees etc.; and

(vii) ASR linked premiums payable by any Promoter as per requirement of any Law, rules or regulations for obtaining right for redevelopment of lands owned by Public Authorities;

Explanation II. – Where the promoter, due to inheritance, gift or otherwise, is not required to incur any cost towards acquisition of ownership and title of the land parcels proposed for the real estate project, the cost of land shall be reckoned on basis of the value of the land as ascertained from the ASR prepared under the provisions of the Maharashtra Stamp Act, relevant on the date of registration of the real estate project.

Explanation III. – The cost of construction for the purpose of sub-clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4, shall include all such costs, incurred by the Promoter, towards the on-site and off-site expenditure for the development of the Real Estate project including payment of Taxes, Fees, Charges, Premiums, Interest etc. to any Competent Authority or Statutory Authority of the Central or State Government under any laws or rules or regulations of the time being in force including Principal sum and interest, paid or payable to any financial institutions including scheduled banks or non-banking financial companies etc. or money-lenders (under the Maharashtra Money-Lending Regulation Act, 2014) for the Real Estate Project, but shall not include the sum which the promoter has raised and incurred by way of loan obtained from such banks, non-banking finance companies or money-lenders, for the purpose of purchase of land for the project or for obtaining the development rights over such land.

Explanation IV. – In case of rehabilitation scheme undertaken under any specific local law of State Government or Central Government or rules or regulations made thereunder which requires onsite expenditures to be made before registration of real estate project, such as expenditure towards clearance of land of encumbrances for temporary transit accommodation, construction of rehabilitation buildings and any other overhead costs besides payment of ASR linked Premium, Fees and Charges, Security Deposits, etc. to any competent authority or statutory authority is so certified by an engineer or Architect and a Chartered Accountant in practice, then such incurred expenditure may be included in cost of land by the Promoter.

FORM 'A'

[See rule 3(3)]

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF PROJECT

To,

The Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority

Sir,

I/We hereby apply for the grant of registration of my/our project to be set up at _____ Tehsil / District / City situated in State of Maharashtra.

1. The requisite particulars are as under:-

(i) Status of the applicant, whether individual / company / proprietorship firm / societies / partnership firm / competent authority;

(ii) In case of individual –

(a) Name

(b) Father's Name

(c) Occupancy

(d) Permanent address

(e) Photograph (f) Contact Details (Phone number, mobile number, E-mail, Fax number etc.)

OR

In case of firm / societies / trust / companies / limited liability partnership / competent authority -

(a) Name

(b) Address

(c) Copy of registration certificate

(d) Main objects

(e) Name, photograph and address of chairman of the governing body / partners / directors etc.

(f) Contact Details (Phone number, mobile number, E-mail, Fax number etc.)

(iii) PAN No. _____;

(iv) Name and address of the bank or banker with which account in terms of section 4

(2)(I)(D) of the Act will be maintained _____;

(v) Details of project land held by the applicant _____;

(vi) brief details of the projects launched by the promoter in the last five years, whether already completed or being developed, as the case may be, including the current status of the said projects, any delays in completion, details of cases pending, details of type of land and payments pending etc. _____

(vii) Agency to take up external development works _____ (Local Authority / Self Development);

(viii) Registration fee for an amount of Rs. _____ /- calculated as per sub-rule (5) of rule 3;

(ix) Any other information the applicant may like to furnish.

2. I/we enclose the following documents in triplicate, namely:-

(i) authenticated copy of the PAN card of the promoter and a letter of authority or Board Resolution, in case the promoter not being an individual;

(ii) estimated cost of Real Estate project as defined in Section 2 (v) of the Act; (iii) copy of the legal title report reflecting the flow of title of the promoter to the land on which development is proposed to be developed with authentication of such title, if such land is owned by

another person;

(iv) the details of encumbrances on the land on which development is proposed including any rights, title, interest, dues, litigation, details relating to mortgage / charge created for the project land for the facility taken by the applicant or any third party and name of any party in or over such land or no encumbrance certificate from an advocate having experience of ten years or from revenue authority not below the rank of Tehsildar, as the case may be;

(v) where the promoter is not the owner of the land on which development is proposed, copy of the collaboration agreement, development agreement, joint development agreement or any other agreement, as the case may be, entered into between the promoter and such owner, reflecting the consent of the owner of the land and authenticated copies of title report reflecting the title of such owner, on the land proposed to be developed;

(vi) an authenticated copy of the approvals and commencement certificate from the competent authority obtained in accordance with the laws as may be applicable for the for the real estate project mentioned in the application, and where the project is proposed to be developed in phases, an authenticated copy of the approvals and commencement certificate from the competent authority for each of such phases;

(vii) the sanctioned plan, layout plan and specifications of the proposed project or the phase thereof, and the whole project as sanctioned by the competent authority;

(viii) the plan of development works to be executed in the proposed project and the proposed facilities to be provided thereof including fire-fighting facilities, drinking water facilities, emergency evacuation services, use of renewable energy;

(ix) the location details of the project, with clear demarcation of land dedicated for the said project along with its boundaries including the latitude and longitude of the end points of the project;

(x) the proposed plan, proposed layout plan and specifications of the proposed project or the phase thereof, and the whole project as sanctioned by the competent authority;

(xi) Proposed Floor Space Index to be consumed and sanctioned Floor Space Index. In case the sanctioned Floor Space Index is different than what is proposed to be consumed by the promoter from time to

time, then the proposed Floor Space Index shall be disclosed at the time of registration and as and when the Floor Space Index is sanctioned, the same shall be uploaded on the website of the Authority by the Promoter from time to time.

(xii) Proposed Number of building(s) or wing(s) to be constructed and sanctioned number of the building(s) or wing(s). In case the sanctioned Number of building(s) or wing(s) is different than what is proposed to be constructed by the promoter, then the proposed Number building(s) or wig(s) shall be disclosed at the time of registration and as and when the Additional Number of building(s) or wing(s) are sanctioned, the same shall be uploaded on the website of the Authority by the Promoter from time to time.

(xiii) Proposed Number of Floors in respect of each of the building or wing to be constructed and sanctioned Number of Floors in respect of each of the building or wing. In case the sanctioned Number of Floors is different than what is proposed to be constructed by the promoter, then the proposed Number of Floors shall be disclosed at the time of registration and as and when the Additional Number of Floors are sanctioned, the same shall be uploaded on the website of the Authority by the Promoter from time to time.

(xiv) Aggregate area in square meters of the recreation open space

(xv) the plan of proposed development works to be executed in the proposed project and the proposed facilities to be provided thereof including fire fighting facilities, drinking water facilities, emergency evacuation services, use of renewable energy, the particulars in respect of Architecture and Design Standards, Type of Construction Technology, Earthquake Resistant Measures and the like, to be adopted for Buildings and for Common Areas and of amenities / facilities in the Layout Plan of the real estate project;;

(xvi) proforma of the allotment letter and agreement for sale, to be signed with the allottees and the conveyance deed proposed to be signed with the nature of organisation of allottees to be constituted namely societies / federation/ common organization of allottees/ federation of common organization;

(xvii) the number, type and the carpet area of apartments for sale in the proposed project along with the area of the exclusive balcony or verandah areas and the exclusive open terrace areas apartment with the apartment, if any;

(xviii) the number and areas of garage for sale in the proposed project

to be provided at basements, stilts podium or independent structure or parking provided by mechanised parking arrangement;

(xix) the number of covered or open parking areas in the real estate project;

(xx) the names and addresses of his real estate agents, if any, for the proposed project;

(xxi) the names and addresses of the contractors, architect, structural engineer, if any and other persons concerned with the development of the proposed project;

(xxii) a declaration in Form 'B'.

(xxiii) For ongoing project the Promoter shall submit a certificate from the project Architect certifying the percentage of completion of construction work of each of the building / wing of the project, a certificate from the Engineer for the estimated balance cost to complete the construction work of each of the building / wing of the project, and a certificate from a practicing Chartered Accountant, for the estimated balance cost to complete the project. The promoter shall submit a certificate from a practicing Chartered Accountant, certifying the balance amount of receivables from the apartments / flats / premises sold or allotted and in respect of which agreement have been executed and estimated amount of receivables in respect of unsold apartments / flats / premises calculated at the prevailing ASR rate on the date of certificate.

(xxiv) The Promoter shall disclose all details of ongoing real estate project as required under sub-section (2) of section 4 and Rule 3 including the extent of development carried out till date as per the last approved sanctioned plan of the project and the extent of development of common areas, Amenities etc. completed in respect of Buildings along with expected period of completion of the on-going real estate project. The promoter shall also disclose the original time period disclosed to the allottees, for completion of the project at the time of sale including the delay and the time period within which he undertakes to complete the pending project, which shall be commensurate with the extent of development already completed.

(xxv) For ongoing projects, the Promoter shall disclose the number of the apartments sold or allotted to the allottees and further disclose the size of the apartment based on carpet area even if earlier sold on any other basis such as super area, super built up area etc. which shall not affect the validity of the agreement entered into between the

promoter and the allottee to that extent.

(xxvi) In case the promoter has created third party interests in respect of the real estate project, the names and addresses of such persons in whose favour such interests have been created.

3. I/We solemnly affirm and declare that the particulars given in herein are correct to my/our knowledge and belief.

Dated:

Place:

Yours faithfully,

Signature and seal (if any) of the
applicant(s)

FORM 'B'

[See rule 3(6)]

**DECLARATION, SUPPORTED BY AN AFFIDAVIT, WHICH SHALL BE
SIGNED BY THE PROMOTER OR ANY PERSON AUTHORIZED BY
THE PROMOTER**

Affidavit cum Declaration

**Affidavit cum Declaration of Mr./Ms. _____,
_____, promoter of the proposed project / duly authorized by
the promoter of the proposed project, vide its/his/their
authorization dated _____;**

I, _____,
promoter of the proposed project / duly authorized by the promoter of
the proposed project do hereby solemnly declare, undertake and state
as under:

1. That I / promoter have / has a legal title Report to the land on which the development of the project is proposed

OR

have/has a legal title Report to the land on which the development of the proposed project is to be carried out

AND

a legally valid authentication of title of such land along with an authenticated copy of the agreement between such owner and promoter for development of the real estate project is enclosed herewith.

2. That the project land is free from all encumbrances.

OR

That details of encumbrances _ including dues and litigation, details of any rights, title, interest or name of any party in or over such land, along with details.

3. That the time period within which the project shall be completed by me/promoter From the date of registration of project;

4. (a) For new projects : That seventy per cent of the amounts realised by me/promoter for the real estate project from the allottees, from time to time, shall be deposited in a separate account to be maintained in a scheduled bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost and shall be used only for that purpose.

(b) For ongoing project on the date of commencement of the Act

(i) That seventy per cent of the amounts to be realised hereinafter by me/promoter for the real estate project from the allottees, from time to time, shall be deposited in a separate account to be maintained in a scheduled bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost and shall be used only for that purpose.

OR

(ii) That entire of the amounts to be realised hereinafter by me/promoter for the real estate project from the allottees, from time to time, shall be deposited in a separate account to be maintained in a scheduled bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost

and shall be used only for that purpose, since the estimated receivable of the project is less than the estimated cost of completion of the project.

5. That the amounts from the separate account shall be withdrawn in accordance with Rule 5

6. That I / the promoter shall get the accounts audited within six months after the end of every financial year by a practicing Chartered Accountant, and shall produce a statement of accounts duly certified and signed by such practicing Chartered Accountant, and it shall be verified during the audit that the amounts collected for a particular project have been utilised for the project and the withdrawal has been in compliance with the proportion to the percentage of completion of the project.

7. That I / the promoter shall take all the pending approvals on time, from the competent authorities.

8. That I / the promoter shall inform the Authority regarding all the changes that have occurred in the information furnished under sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act and under rule 3 of these rules, within seven days of the said changes occurring.

9. That I / the promoter have / has furnished such other documents as have been prescribed by the rules and regulations made under the Act.

10. That I / the promoter shall not discriminate against any allottee at the time of allotment of any apartment, plot or building, as the case may be.

Deponent

Verification

The contents of my above Affidavit cum Declaration are true and correct and nothing material has been concealed by me therefrom.

Verified by me at on this _____ day of _____.

Deponent

5. Grant of registration.

(1) On receipt of the application under sub-section (1) of section 4, the Authority shall within a period of thirty days.

(a) grant registration subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations made thereunder, and provide a registration number, including a Login Id and password to the applicant for accessing the website of the Authority and to create his web page and to fill therein the details of the proposed project; or

(b) reject the application for reasons to be recorded in writing, if such application does not conform to the provisions of this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder:

Provided that no application shall be rejected unless the applicant has been given an opportunity of being heard in the matter.

(2) If the Authority fails to grant the registration or reject the application, as the case may be, as provided under sub-section (1), the project shall be deemed to have been registered, and the Authority shall within a period of seven days of the expiry of the said period of thirty days specified under sub-section (1), provide a registration number and a Login Id and password to the promoter for accessing the website of the Authority and to create his web page and to fill therein the details of the proposed project.

(3) The registration granted under this section shall be valid for a period declared by the promoter under sub-clause (C) of clause (1) of sub-section (2) of section 4 for completion of the project or phase thereof, as the case may be.

RULES

6. Grant or rejection of registration of the project.- (a) Grant of Registration of the Project.- Upon the registration of any real estate project as per section 5 read with rule 3, the Authority shall issue to the Promoter a Registration Certificate with a project registration number, in Form "C". The period for which registration shall be valid shall exclude such period where actual work could not be carried by the promoter as per sanctioned plan due to specific stay or injunction orders relating to the real estate project from any Court of law, or Tribunal, competent authority, statutory authority, high power committee etc., or due to such mitigating circumstances as may be decided by the Authority: Provided that, while deciding on such mitigating circumstances, the Authority shall give reasonable opportunity of hearing to the allottees and such other person, who in the opinion of the Authority, have interest in the project.

(b) Rejection of registration of the project: Upon the rejection of an application as per section 5, by the Authority, shall be inform to the applicant in Form "D" as also to the concerned competent authority or statutory authorities:

Provided that, no application for registration of any real estate project shall be rejected unless the Promoter has been given adequate opportunity of being heard in the matter by the Authority.

FORM 'C'

[See rule 6(a)]

REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE OF PROJECT

This registration is granted under section 5 of the Act to the following project under project registration number :

(Specify Details of Project including the project address);

1. (in the case of an individual) Mr. / Ms. son of Mr. / Ms. Tehsil District / City situated in State of Maharashtra ;

OR

(in the case of a firm / society / company / competent authority) firm / society / company / competent authority having its registered office / principal place of business at .

2. This registration is granted subject to the following conditions, namely:-

(i) The promoter shall enter into an agreement for sale with the allottees;

(ii) The promoter shall execute and register a conveyance deed in favour of the allottee or the association of the allottees, as the case may be, of the apartment or the common areas as per Rule 9;

(iii) The promoter shall deposit seventy percent of the amounts realised by the promoter in a separate account to be maintained in a schedule bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost to be used only for that purpose as per sub- clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4 read with Rule 5; OR

(iii) That entire of the amounts to be realised hereinafter by me/promoter for the real estate project from the allottees, from time to time, shall be deposited in a separate account to be maintained in a scheduled bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost and shall be used only for that purpose, since the estimated receivable of the project is less than the estimated cost of completion of the project.

(iv) The Registration shall be valid for a period of years commencing from and ending with unless renewed by the Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority in accordance with section 5 of the Act read with rule 6;

(v) The promoter shall comply with the provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations made there under;

(vi) That the promoter shall take all the pending approvals from the competent authorities

3. If the above mentioned conditions are not fulfilled by the promoter, the Authority may take necessary action against the promoter including revoking the

registration granted herein, as per the Act and the rules and regulations made there under.

Dated:

Place:

Signature and seal of the Authorized Officer

Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority

6. Extension of registration.

The registration granted under section 5 may be extended by the Authority on an application made by the promoter due to *force majeure*, in such form and on payment of such fee as may be specified by regulations made by the Authority:

Provided that the Authority may in reasonable circumstances, without default on the part of the promoter, based on the facts of each case, and for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the registration granted to a project for such time as it considers necessary, which shall, in aggregate, not exceed a period of one year:

Provided further that no application for extension of registration shall be rejected unless the applicant has been given an opportunity of being heard in the matter.

Explanation.— For the purpose of this section, the expression "*force majeure*" shall mean a case of war, flood, drought, fire, cyclone, earthquake or any other calamity caused by nature affecting the regular development of the real estate project.

RULES

7. Extension of registration of the Real estate project. - (1) An application for extension of the real estate project shall be made to the Authority, in Form "E", along with an explanatory note setting out the grounds and reasons for delay in the completion of the real estate project and the need for extension, along with documents supporting such grounds and reasons: Provided that, where extension of registration is due to force majeure the Authority may at its discretion waive the fee for such extension granted to any real estate project.

(2) The grant of extension of registration to a real estate project, shall be in Form "F". The Authority shall supply a copy thereto to the Promoter and in case of rejection of the application for extension of registration, the authority shall, after giving to the applicant an

opportunity of being heard as provided in the second proviso of section 6, inform the promoter about the same, in Form "D". The intimation thereof shall also be given to the respective competent authority and statutory authorities.

(3) The application for extension of Real Estate Project shall be accompanied with fees calculated on the area of land proposed to be developed at the rate of rupees ten per square meter, subject to a minimum of rupees fifty thousand only and a maximum of rupees ten lakhs only.

FORM 'E'

[See rule 7(1)]

APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OF REGISTRATION OF PROJECT

From:

To

The Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority,

Sir,

I/We hereby apply for extension of registration of the following project:

registered with the regulatory authority vide project registration certificate bearing No. which expires on ____.

As required I/we submit the following documents and information, namely:-

(i) Rupees _____ as fees for extension as provided under sub-rule (3) of rule 7;

(ii) Authenticated copy of proposed Plan of the project showing the stage of development works undertaken till date;

(iii) Explanatory note regarding the state of development works in the project and reason for not completing the development works in the

project within the period declared in the declaration submitted in Form 'B' at the time of making application for the registration of the project:-

(here state out the reasons);

(iv) Authenticated copy of the permission / approval from the competent authority which is valid for a period which is longer than the proposed term of extension of the registration sought from the regulatory authority;

(i) The original project registration certificate; and

(ii) Any other information as may be specified by regulations.

Place:

Dated:

Yours faithfully,

Signature and seal (if any) of the
applicant(s)

FORM 'F'

[See rule 7(2)]

CERTIFICATE FOR EXTENSION OF REGISTRATION OF PROJECT

This extension of registration is granted under section 7 of the Act, to the following project:

_____ registered with the regulatory authority vide project registration certificate bearing No. _____ of _____

1. (in the case of an individual) Mr. / Ms. son of _____
Mr. / Ms. _____ Tehsil _____ District _____ / City _____
situated in State of Maharashtra ; OR (in the case of a firm / society /

company / competent authority) firm / society / company / competent authority having its registered office/principal place of business at .

2. This renewal of registration is granted subject to the following conditions, namely:-

(i) The promoter shall execute and register a conveyance deed in favour of the allottee or the association of the allottees, as the case may be, of the apartment or the common areas as per sub-rule (2) of rule 9;

(ii) The promoter shall deposit seventy percent of the amounts realised by the promoter in a separate account to be maintained in a schedule bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost to be used only for that purpose as per subclause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4 read with Rule 5;

OR

(ii) That entire of the amounts to be realised hereinafter by me/promoter for the real estate project from the allottees, from time to time, shall be deposited in a separate account to be maintained in a scheduled bank to cover the cost of construction and the land cost and shall be used only for that purpose, since the estimated receivable of the project is less than the estimated cost of completion of the project.

(iii) The registration shall be valid for a period of years commencing from and ending with unless renewed by the Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority in accordance with section 6 read with rule 7 of the Act;

(iv) The promoter shall comply with the provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations made there under;

(v) That the promoter shall take all the pending approvals from the competent authorities

(vi) If the above mentioned conditions are not fulfilled by the promoter, the regulatory authority may take necessary action against the promoter including revoking the registration granted herein, as per the Act and the rules and regulations made there under.

Dated:

Place:

Signature and seal of the Authorized Officer

Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority

7. Revocation of registration.

(1) The Authority may, on receipt of a complaint or *suo motu* in this behalf or on the recommendation of the competent authority, revoke the registration granted under section 5, after being satisfied that—

(a) the promoter makes default in doing anything required by or under this Act or the rules or the regulations made thereunder;

(b) the promoter violates any of the terms or conditions of the approval given by the competent authority;

(c) the promoter is involved in any kind of unfair practice or irregularities.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, the term "unfair practice means" a practice which, for the purpose of promoting the sale or development of any real estate project adopts any unfair method or unfair or deceptive practice including any of the following practices, namely:—

(A) the practice of making any statement, whether in writing or by visible representation which,—

(i) falsely represents that the services are of a particular standard or grade;

(ii) represents that the promoter has approval or affiliation which such promoter does not have;

(iii) makes a false or misleading representation concerning the services;

(B) the promoter permits the publication of any advertisement or prospectus whether in any newspaper or otherwise of services that are not intended to be offered;

(d) the promoter indulges in any fraudulent practices.

(2) The registration granted to the promoter under section 5 shall not be revoked unless the Authority has given to the promoter not less than thirty days notice, in writing, stating the grounds on which it is proposed to revoke the registration, and has considered any cause shown by the promoter within the period of that notice against the proposed revocation.

(3) The Authority may, instead of revoking the registration under sub-section (1), permit it to remain in force subject to such further terms and conditions as it thinks fit to impose in the interest of the allottees, and any such terms and conditions so imposed shall be binding upon the promoter.

(4) The Authority, upon the revocation of the registration,—

(a) shall debar the promoter from accessing its website in relation to that project and specify his name in the list of defaulters and display his photograph on its website and also inform the other Real Estate Regulatory Authority in other States and Union territories about such revocation or registration;

(b) shall facilitate the remaining development works to be carried out in accordance with the provisions of section 8;

(c) shall direct the bank holding the project bank account, specified under sub-clause (D) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4, to freeze the account, and thereafter take such further necessary actions, including consequent de-freezing of the said account, towards facilitating the remaining development works in accordance with the provisions of section 8;

(d) may, to protect the interest of allottees or in the public interest, issue such directions as it may deem necessary.

RULES

8. Revocation of Registration of the project. - (1) Upon revocation of registration of a project as per section 7, the Authority shall inform the promoter and the concerned competent authority about such revocation in Form "D".

(2) The registration granted to the promoter under section 5 shall not be revoked unless the Authority has given to the promoter not less than thirty days' notice, in writing, stating the ground on which it proposes to revoke the registration, and has considered any cause shown by the promoter within the said period:

Provided that, prior to the revocation of registration of real estate project, the Authority shall also give notice to the concerned competent authority which has granted approval to the real estate project and association of allottees (if any). In case the association of allottees is not formed, the Authority may in its discretion, also give notice to the allottees, to submit their say in that behalf. The Authority while facilitating the remaining development works to be carried out in accordance with the provisions of section 8 shall also take such measures as may be required to protect the interest of other parties who through mortgage or other investments are interested in the real estate project, which are disclosed by the promoter on the Website of the Authority:

Provided further that, the Authority shall also give adequate opportunity of being heard to any party which through defined

instrument of debt or equity have created third party interest in the real estate projects

Explanation. - For the purposes of the second proviso, the party shall include Scheduled Banks, Housing Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Non-Banking Finance Companies operating as Asset Finance Companies, Investment Companies, Loan Companies, Investment Finance Companies, Infrastructure Debt Funds, Micro-finance Institutions, Foreign Direct Investors, Private Equity Funds and the Real Estate Investment Trust.

FORM 'D'

[See Rule 6(b), Rule 7(2); Rule 8(1)]

INTIMATION OF REJECTION OF APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF PROJECT / REJECTION OF APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OF REGISTRATION OF PROJECT / REVOCATION OF REGISTRATION OF PROJECT

From:

The Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority,

To

Application / Registration No.: _____

Dated: _____

You are hereby informed that your application for registration of your project is rejected.

OR

You are hereby informed that your application for extension of the registration of your project is rejected.

OR

You are hereby informed that the registration granted to your project is hereby revoked for the reasons set out below

(here state out the reasons)

Place:

Dated:

Signature and seal of the Authorized Officer

Maharashtra Real Estate Regulatory Authority

8. Obligation of Authority consequent upon lapse of or on revocation of registration.

Upon lapse of the registration or on revocation of the registration under this Act, the Authority, may consult the appropriate Government to take such action as it may deem fit including the carrying out of the remaining development works by competent authority or by the association of allottees or in any other manner, as may be determined by the Authority:

Provided that no direction, decision or order of the Authority under this section shall take effect until the expiry of the period of appeal provided under the provisions of this Act:

Provided further that in case of revocation of registration of a project under this Act, the association of allottees shall have the first right of refusal for carrying out of the remaining development works.

9. Registration of real estate agents.

(1) No real estate agent shall facilitate the sale or purchase of or act on behalf of any person to facilitate the sale or purchase of any plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, in a real estate project or part of it, being the part of the real estate project registered under section 3, being sold by the promoter in any planning area, without obtaining registration under this section.

(2) Every real estate agent shall make an application to the Authority for registration in such form, manner, within such time and accompanied by such fee and documents as may be prescribed.

(3) The Authority shall, within such period, in such manner and upon satisfying itself of the fulfillment of such conditions, as may be prescribed—

(a) grant a single registration to the real estate agent for the entire State of Union territory, as the case may be;

(b) reject the application for reasons to be recorded in writing, if such application does not conform to the provisions of the Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder:

Provided that no application shall be rejected unless the applicant has been given an opportunity of being heard in the matter.

(4) Whereon the completion of the period specified under sub-section (3), if the applicant does not receive any communication about the deficiencies in his application or the rejection of his application, he shall be deemed to have been registered.

(5) Every real estate agent who is registered as per the provisions of this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder, shall be granted a registration number by the Authority, which shall be quoted by the real estate agent in every sale facilitated by him under this Act.

(6) Every registration shall be valid for such period as may be prescribed, and shall be renewable for a period in such manner and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed.

(7) Where any real estate agent who has been granted registration under this Act commits breach of any of the conditions thereof or any other terms and conditions specified under this Act or any rules or regulations made thereunder, or where the Authority is satisfied that such registration has been secured by the real estate agent through misrepresentation or fraud, the Authority may, without prejudice to any other provisions under this Act, revoke the registration or suspend the same for such period as it thinks fit:

Provided that no such revocation or suspension shall be made by the Authority unless an opportunity of being heard has been given to the real estate agent.

10. Functions of real estate agents.

Every real estate agent registered under section 9 shall—

- (a) not facilitate the sale or purchase of any plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, in a real estate project or part of it, being sold by the promoter in any planning area, which is not registered with the Authority; (b) maintain and preserve such books of account, records and documents as may prescribed;
- (c) not involve himself in any unfair trade practices, namely:—
 - (i) the practice of making any statement, whether orally or in writing or by visible representation which—
 - (A) falsely represents that the services are of a particular standard or grade;
 - (B) represents that the promoter or himself has approval or affiliation which such promoter or himself does not have;
 - (C) makes a false or misleading representation concerning the services;
 - (ii) permitting the publication of any advertisement whether in any newspaper or otherwise of services that are not intended to be offered.
- (d) facilitate the possession of all the information and documents, as the allottee, is entitled to, at the time of booking of any plot, apartment or building, as the case may be;
- (e) discharge such other functions as may be prescribed.

RULES

16. Maintenance and preservation and production of books of accounts, records and documents.- Every registered real estate agent shall maintain and preserve such books of accounts, records and documents as he may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 or the Companies Act, 2013 or under any other law applicable for the time being in force or rules and regulations framed there under and will be required to produce them for inspection if so needed for grant or renewal of the registration.

17. Other functions of a real estate agent. -The real estate agent shall provide assistance to enable the allottee and promoter of each real estate project, to exercise their respective rights and fulfil their respective obligations at the time of marketing and selling, purchase and sale of any plot, apartment or building, as the case may be and not involve himself in any unfair trade practices, namely:—

(i) making any statement, whether orally or in writing or by visible representation which—

(A) falsely or knowingly represents that services or amenities are of a particular standard or grade;

(B) represents that the Promoter or himself has approval or affiliation which such promoter or himself does not have;

(C) makes a false or misleading representation concerning the services which the promoter does not have;

(ii) permitting the publication of any advertisement whether in any newspaper or other media, of services that are not intended to be offered by the promoter;

(iii) facilitate the possession of all the information and documents, as the allottee, is entitled to, at the time of booking of any plot, apartment or building or as the case may be;

(iv) discharge such other functions as prescribed by the regulations of the Authority.

CHAPTER III

FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES OF PROMOTER

11. Functions and duties of promoter

(1) The promoter shall, upon receiving his Login Id and password under clause (a) of sub-section (1) or under sub-section (2) of section 5, as the case may be, create his web page on the website of the Authority and enter all details of the proposed project as provided under sub-section (2) of section 4, in all the fields as provided, for public viewing, including—

(a) details of the registration granted by the Authority;

(b) quarterly up-to-date the list of number and types of apartments or plots, as the case may be, booked;

- (c) quarterly up-to-date the list of number of garages booked;
- (d) quarterly up-to-date the list of approvals taken and the approvals which are pending subsequent to commencement certificate;
- (e) quarterly up-to-date status of the project; and
- (f) such other information and documents as may be specified by the regulations made by the Authority.

(2) The advertisement or prospectus issued or published by the promoter shall mention prominently the website address of the Authority, wherein all details of the registered project have been entered and include the registration number obtained from the Authority and such other matters incidental thereto.

(3) The promoter at the time of the booking and issue of allotment letter shall be responsible to make available to the allottee, the following information, namely:—

(a) sanctioned plans, layout plans, along with specifications, approved by the competent authority, by display at the site or such other place as may be specified by the regulations made by the Authority;

(b) the stage wise time schedule of completion of the project, including the provisions for civic infrastructure like water, sanitation and electricity.

(4) The promoter shall—

(a) be responsible for all obligations, responsibilities and functions under the provisions of this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder or to the allottees as per the agreement for sale, or to the association of allottees, as the case may be, till the conveyance of all the apartments, plots or buildings, as the case may be, to the allottees, or the common areas to the association of allottees or the competent authority, as the case may be;

Provided that the responsibility of the promoter, with respect to the structural defect or any other defect for such period as is referred to in sub-section (3) of section 14, shall continue even after the conveyance deed of all the apartments, plots or buildings, as the case may be, to the allottees are executed.

(b) be responsible to obtain the completion certificate or the occupancy certificate, or both, as applicable, from the relevant competent authority as per local laws or other laws for the time being in force and to make it available to the allottees individually or to the association of allottees, as the case may be;

(c) be responsible to obtain the lease certificate, where the real estate project is developed on a leasehold land, specifying the period of lease, and certifying that all dues and charges in regard to the leasehold land has been paid, and to make the lease certificate available to the association of allottees;

(d) be responsible for providing and maintaining the essential services, on reasonable charges, till the taking over of the maintenance of the project by the association of the allottees;

(e) enable the formation of an association or society or co-operative society, as the case may be, of the allottees, or a federation of the same, under the laws applicable;

Provided that in the absence of local laws, the association of allottees, by whatever name called, shall be formed within a period of three months of the majority of allottees having booked their plot or apartment or building, as the case may be, in the project;

(f) execute a registered conveyance deed of the apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, in favour of the allottee along with the undivided proportionate title in the common areas to the association of allottees or competent authority, as the case may be, as provided under section 17 of this Act;

(g) pay all outgoings until he transfers the physical possession of the real estate project to the allottee or the associations of allottees, as the case may be, which he has collected from the allottees, for the payment of outgoings (including land cost, ground rent, municipal or other local taxes, charges for water or electricity, maintenance charges, including mortgage loan and interest on mortgages or other encumbrances and such other liabilities payable to competent authorities, banks and financial institutions, which are related to the project):

Provided that where any promoter fails to pay all or any of the outgoings collected by him from the allottees or any liability, mortgage loan and interest thereon before transferring the real estate project to such allottees, or the association of the allottees, as the case may be, the promoter shall continue to be liable, even after the transfer of the property, to pay such outgoings and penal charges, if any, to the authority or person to whom they are payable and be liable for the cost of any legal proceedings which may be taken therefor by such authority or person;

(h) after he executes an agreement for sale for any apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, not mortgage or create a charge on such apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, and if any such mortgage or charge is made or created then notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, it shall not affect the right and interest of the allottee who has taken or agreed to take such apartment, plot or building, as the case may be;

(5) The promoter may cancel the allotment only in terms of the agreement for sale:

Provided that the allottee may approach the Authority for relief, if he is aggrieved by such cancellation and such cancellation is not in accordance with the terms of the agreement for sale, unilateral and without any sufficient cause.

(6) The promoter shall prepare and maintain all such other details as may be specified, from time to time, by regulations made by the Authority.

RULES

9. Formation of legal entity and transfer of title. -

(1) Promoter to enable formation of Legal Entity like Cooperative Society, Company, Association, Federation etc. under clause (e) of sub-section (4) of section 11 of the Act.-

(i) Where a Co-operative Housing Society or a Company or any other legal entity of allottees is to be constituted for a single building not being part of a Layout; or in case of layout of more than one building or a wing of one building in the layout, the Promoter shall submit the application in that behalf to the Registrar for registration of the Co-operative Housing Society under the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960 or a Company or any other legal entity, within three months from the date on which fifty one per cent. of the total number of allottees in such a building or a wing, have booked their apartment.

(ii) Where a Promoter is required to form an Apex Body either as a federation of separate and independent Co-operative Housing Societies or Companies or any other Legal Entities or as a Holding Company of separate and independent Co-operative Housing Societies or companies or any other Legal Entities, then the Promoter shall submit an application to the Registrar for registration of the co-operative society or the company to form and register an Apex Body in form of Federation or Holding entity consisting of all such entities in the Layout formed as per clause (i) of sub-rule (1) of rule 9 (1)(i) herein above. Such application shall be made within a period of three months from the date of the receipt of the occupancy certificate of the last of the building which was to be constructed in the Layout.

(iii) If the promoter fails to form the legal entity such as Cooperative Society or Company or Association or Federation, as the case may be, the Authority shall by an order direct the Promoter to apply for formation of such legal entity or may authorize the allottees to apply for formation of such legal entity.

(2) Promoter to convey title under section 17 of the Act.- (i) Period for

Conveyance of title, by Promoter, to allottees in case of plots:

The promoter shall carry out conveyance within three months from the date the allottees in such plot have paid full consideration to the promoter.

(ii) Period for Conveyance of title, by Promoter, to legal entity of allottees in case of single building project. - If no period for conveying the title of the Promoter to the legal entity of the allottees is agreed upon, the Promoter shall (subject to his right to dispose of the remaining Apartments, if any) execute the conveyance within three months from the date of issue of occupancy certificate or fifty one per cent. of the total number of allottees in such a building or a wing, have paid the full consideration to the promoter, whichever is earlier.

(iii) Period for conveyance of title, by Promoter, to organization of allottees in case of Layout.- (a) In the case of a building or a wing of a building in a Layout, if no period for conveying the title of the Promoter of that building or a wing of that building to the legal entity of the allottees is agreed upon, the Promoter shall (subject to his right to dispose of the remaining Apartments, if any) execute the conveyance of the structure of that building or wing of that building (excluding basements and podiums) within one month from the date on which the Co-operative society or the company is registered or, as the case may be, the association of the allottees is duly constituted or within three months from the date of issue of occupancy certificate , whichever is earlier.

(b) In the case of a layout, if no period for conveying the title of the Promoter in respect of the entire undivided or inseparable land underneath all buildings/ wings along with structures of basements and Podiums constructed in a Layout is agreed upon, the Promoter shall execute the conveyance of the entire undivided or inseparable land underneath all buildings jointly or otherwise within three months from the date on which the Apex Body or Federation or Holding Company is registered or, as the case may be, the association of the allottees is duly constituted or within three months from the date of issue of occupancy certificate to the last of the building or wing in the layout, whichever is earlier .

(3) If the promoter fails to convey the title in accordance with sub-rule (2) of rule 9, in favour of Cooperative Society or Company or Association or Federation, as the case may be, the Authority shall by an order direct the Promoter to convey the title in favour of such legal entity.

(4) The said legal entity shall also be entitled to have a unilateral deemed conveyance executed in their favour and have it registered under the Maharashtra Ownership Flats (Regulation of the Promotion of Construction, Sale, Management and Transfer) Act 1963:

Provided that, after conveying the title to the association of allottees under section 17, the promoter shall continue to have the rights and entitlement to advertise, market, book, sell or offer to sell or allot to person to purchase any apartment or building or plot which is still not sold or allotted and shall be allowed to do so by the association of allottees without any restriction or entry of the building and development of common areas:

Provided further that, in such case, the promoter shall be permitted the entry of premises of the building and common areas to also discharge his obligations under sub-section 3 of section 14:

Provided also that, in respect of the real estate project for which development or redevelopment permissions are subject to approvals under the provisions of specific local laws such as the Maharashtra Slum Areas (Improvement, Clearance and Redevelopment) Act, 1971, the Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Authority Act, 1976, the Mumbai Metropolitan Region Development Authority Act, 1974, the Maharashtra Regional Town Planning Act, 1966, the Nagpur Improvement Trust Act, 1936 etc., the conveyance of title shall be made by the respective public authority, within such specific period as may be provided under the relevant law applicable to such authority or rules or regulations framed there under.

(5) The promoter upon receiving the certificate of registration of the real estate project from the Authority, obtain insurance as provided by the Act and also in respect of such other matters as may be notified by the State Government under section 16 and handover relevant documents to the association, society, federation or body corporate, as the case may be, alongwith conveyance of title.

12. Obligations of promoter regarding veracity of the advertisement or prospectus

Where any person makes an advance or a deposit on the basis of the information contained in the notice advertisement or prospectus, or on the basis of any model apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, and sustains any loss or damage by reason of any incorrect, false statement included therein, he shall be compensated by the promoter in the manner as provided under this Act:

Provided that if the person affected by such incorrect, false statement contained in the notice, advertisement or prospectus, or the model apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, intends to withdraw from the proposed project, he shall be returned his entire investment along with interest at such rate as may be prescribed and the compensation in the manner provided under this Act.

13. No deposit or advance to be taken by promoter without first entering into agreement for sale.

(1) A promoter shall not accept a sum more than ten per cent of the cost of the apartment, plot, or building as the case may be, as an advance payment or an application fee, from a person without first entering into a written agreement for sale with such person and register the said agreement for sale, under any law for the time being in force.

(2) The agreement for sale referred to in sub-section (1) shall be in such form as may be prescribed and shall specify the particulars of development of the project including the construction of building and apartments, along with specifications and internal development works and external development works, the dates and the manner by which payments towards the cost of the apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, are to be made by the allottees and the date on which the possession of the apartment, plot or building is to be handed over, the rates of interest payable by the promoter to the allottee and the allottee to the promoter in case of default, and such other particulars, as may be prescribed.

RULES

10. Agreement for Sale. - (1) For the purpose of sub-section (2) of section 13, the agreements for sale shall be in conformity with the provisions, rules and regulations made there under and shall be in accordance with the model form of agreement at Annexure 'A'.

Nothing in this sub-rule shall be deemed to prevent the promoter to modify the model form of Agreement for Sale at Annexure 'A' provided that such agreement is in conformity with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 13 of the Act and the rules and regulations made there under.

(2) Any application letter, allotment letter or any other document signed by the allottee, in respect of the apartment, plot or building, prior to the execution and registration of the agreement for sale for such apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, shall not be

construed to limit the rights and interests of the allottee under the agreement for sale under the Act or the rules or the regulations made there under.

Annexure 'A'

Model Form of Agreement to be entered into between Promoter and Allottee(s)

(See rule 10(1))

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This is a model form of Agreement, which may be modified and adapted in each case having regard to the facts and circumstances of respective case but in any event, matter and substance mentioned in those clauses, which are in accordance with the statute and mandatory according to the provisions of the Act shall be retained in each and every Agreement executed between the Promoter and Allottee. Any clause in this agreement found contrary to or inconsistent with any provisions of the Act, Rules and Regulations would be void ab-initio.

Model Form of Agreement

This Agreement made at.....this.....day of..... in the year Two Thousand and betweenhaving address athereinafter referred to as "the Promoter of the One Part and (.....) having address athereinafter referred to as " the Allottee" (.....) of the Other Part.

WHEREAS by an Agreement/Conveyance datedday of20..... and executed between of the One Part (hereinafter referred to as " the Vendor") and the Promoter of the Other Part, the Vendor agreed with the Promoter for the absolute sale to the Promoter/sold absolutely to the Promoter an immovable property being piece or parcel of freehold land bearing Survey No. lying and being survey no. at in the Registration sub-District of admeasuring sq. mts. or thereabouts more particularly described in the First Schedule hereunder written (hereinafter referred to as "the project land").

OR

WHEREAS by and under a Lease / an Agreement for Lease dated the day of20..... made between of the One Part (hereinafter referred to as " the Lessor") and the Promoter of the Other Part, the Lessor agreed to grant unto the Promoter a lease in perpetuity/for a term of years in respect of a piece or parcel of leasehold land bearing situate at, admeasuring.....sq.m. or thereabouts more particularly described in the First Schedule hereunder written (hereinafter referred to as " the project land") at a rent of Rs. per annum/month and on the terms and conditions contained in the said Lease Deed/Agreement for Lease.

AND WHEREAS the lease Deed/Agreement for Lease, is with the benefit and right to construct any new building/s if so permitted by the concerned local authority.

OR

WHEREAS by an Agreement datedday of 20...../Power of Attorney dated executed between Shri..... (hereinafter referred to as "the Original Owner") of the One Part and the Promoter of the Other Part (hereinafter referred to as "the Development Agreement"), the Original Owner granted to the Promoter development rights to the piece or parcel of freehold land lying and being at in the Registration Sub-District of admeasuring sq. mts., or thereabouts more particularly described in the First Schedule therein as well as in the First Schedule hereunder written (hereinafter referred to as "the project land") and to construct thereon building/s in accordance with the terms and conditions contained in the Development Agreement/Power of Attorney;

OR

(Give Complete Recital of the Title of the Promoter to the plot on which promoter proposes to construct and sale the Apartment)

AND

(Also specify

(i) Any covenants affecting the said property.

(ii) Any impediments attached to the said property.

(iii) Number and Area occupied by Tenants and how they are proposed to be settled so as to have clear possession of the said property.

(iv) Details of illegal encroachment on the said property.

(v) Any permission (if any) required from any Government or Authority which affects the title to the property and details of all such required permissions obtained.

(vi) Details of mortgage or lien or charge on the said property.)

AND WHEREAS the Promoters are entitled and enjoined upon to construct buildings on the project land in accordance with the recitals hereinabove;

AND WHEREAS the Vendor / Lessor / Original Owner / Promoter is in possession of the project land

AND WHEREAS the Promoter has proposed to construct on the project land (here specify number of buildings and wings thereof) having _____ (here specify number of Basements, / podiums / stilt and upper floors)

AND WHEREAS the Allottee is offered an Apartment bearing number _____ on the _____ floor, (herein after referred to as the said "Apartment") in the _____ wing of the Building called _____ (herein after referred to as the said "Building") being constructed in the _____ phase of the said project, by the Promoter

AND WHEREAS the Promoter has entered into a standard Agreement with an Architect registered with the Council of Architects and such Agreement is as per the Agreement prescribed by the Council of Architects;

AND WHEREAS the Promoter has registered the Project under the provisions of the Act with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority at _____ no _____; authenticated copy is attached in Annexure 'F';

AND WHEREAS the Promoter has appointed a structural Engineer for the preparation of the structural design and drawings of the buildings and the Promoter accepts the professional supervision of the Architect and the structural Engineer till the completion of the building/buildings.

AND WHEREAS by virtue of the Development Agreement /Power of Attorney the Promoter has sole and exclusive right to sell the Apartments in the said building/s to be constructed by the Promoter on the project land and to enter into Agreement/s with the allottee(s)/s of the Apartments to receive the sale consideration in respect thereof;

AND WHEREAS on demand from the allottee, the Promoter has given inspection to the Allottee of all the documents of title relating to the project land and the plans, designs and specifications prepared by the Promoter's Architects Messrs..... and of such other documents as are specified under the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act 2016 (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act") and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder;

AND WHEREAS the authenticated copies of Certificate of Title issued by the attorney at law or advocate of the Promoter, authenticated copies of Property card or extract of Village Forms VI and VII and XII or any other relevant revenue record showing the nature of the title of the Promoter to the project land on which the Apartments are constructed or are to be constructed have been annexed hereto and marked as Annexure 'A' and 'B', respectively.

AND WHEREAS the authenticated copies of the plans of the Layout as approved by the concerned Local Authority have been annexed hereto and marked as Annexure C-1.

AND WHEREAS the authenticated copies of the plans of the Layout as proposed by the Promoter and according to which the construction of the buildings and open spaces are proposed to be provided for on the said project have been annexed hereto and marked as Annexure C-2,

AND WHEREAS the authenticated copies of the plans and specifications of the Apartment agreed to be purchased by the Allottee, as sanctioned and approved by the local authority have been annexed and marked as Annexure D

AND WHEREAS the Promoter has got some of the approvals from the concerned local authority(s) to the plans, the specifications, elevations, sections and of the said building/s and shall obtain the balance approvals from various authorities from time to time, so as to obtain Building Completion Certificate or Occupancy Certificate of the said Building

AND WHEREAS while sanctioning the said plans concerned local authority and/or Government has laid down certain terms, conditions,

stipulations and restrictions which are to be observed and performed by the Promoter while developing the project land and the said building and upon due observance and performance of which only the completion or occupancy certificate in respect of the said building/s shall be granted by the concerned local authority.

AND WHEREAS the Promoter has accordingly commenced construction of the said building/s in accordance with the said proposed plans.

AND WHEREAS the Allottee has applied to the Promoter for allotment of an Apartment No. onfloor in wing ____ situated in the building No. being constructed in the _____ phase of the said Project,

AND WHEREAS the carpet area of the said Apartment is _____ square meters and "carpet area" means the net usable floor area of an apartment, excluding the area covered by the external walls, areas under services shafts, exclusive balcony appurtenant to the said Apartment for exclusive use of the Allottee or verandah area and exclusive open terrace area appurtenant to the said Apartment for exclusive use of the Allottee, but includes the area covered by the internal partition walls of the apartment.

AND WHEREAS, the Parties relying on the confirmations, representations and assurances of each other to faithfully abide by all the terms, conditions and stipulations contained in this Agreement and all applicable laws, are now willing to enter into this Agreement on the terms and conditions appearing hereinafter;

AND WHEREAS, prior to the execution of these presents the Allottee has paid to the Promoter a sum of Rs..... (Rupees) only, being part payment of the sale consideration of the Apartment agreed to be sold by the Promoter to the Allottee as advance payment or Application Fee (the payment and receipt whereof the Promoter both hereby admit and acknowledge) and the Allottee has agreed to pay to the Promoter the balance of the sale consideration in the manner hereinafter appearing.

AND WHEREAS, the Promoter has registered the Project under the provisions of the Real Estate (Regulation & Redevelopment) Act, 2016 with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority at no. ;

AND WHEREAS, under section 13 of the said Act the Promoter is required to execute a written Agreement for sale of said Apartment with the Allottee, being in fact these presents and also to register said

Agreement under the Registration Act, 1908. In accordance with the terms and conditions set out in this Agreement and as mutually agreed upon by and between the Parties, the Promoter hereby agrees to sell and the Allottee hereby agrees to purchase the (Apartment/Plot) and the garage/covered parking(if applicable)

NOW THEREFOR, THIS AGREEMENT WITNESSETH AND IT IS HEREBY AGREED BY AND BETWEEN THE PARTIES HERETO AS FOLLOWS:-

1. The Promoter shall construct the said building/s consisting of basement and ground/ stilt, / podiums, and upper floors on the project land in accordance with the plans, designs and specifications as approved by the concerned local authority from time to time. Provided that the Promoter shall have to obtain prior consent in writing of the Allottee in respect of variations or modifications which may adversely affect the Apartment of the Allottee except any alteration or addition required by any Government authorities or due to change in law.

1.a (i) The Allottee hereby agrees to purchase from the Promoter and the Promoter hereby agrees to sell to the Allottee Apartment No. of the type of carpet area admeasuring sq. metres on floor in the building /wing (hereinafter referred to as "the Apartment") as shown in the Floor plan thereof hereto annexed and marked Annexures C-1 and C-2 for the consideration of Rs. including Rs. being the proportionate price of the common areas and facilities appurtenant to the premises, the nature, extent and description of the common areas and facilities which are more particularly described in the Second Schedule annexed herewith. (the price of the Apartment including the proportionate price of the common areas and facilities and parking spaces should be shown separately).

(ii) The Allottee hereby agrees to purchase from the Promoter and the Promoter hereby agrees to sell to the Allottee garage bearing Nos ____ situated at ____ Basement and/or stilt and /or ____ podium being constructed in the layout for the consideration of Rs. ____ /-

(iii) The Allottee hereby agrees to purchase from the Promoter and the Promoter hereby agrees to sell to the Allottee covered parking spaces bearing Nos ____ situated at ____ Basement and/or stilt and /or ____ podium being constructed in the layout for the consideration of Rs. ____ /-.

1(b) The total aggregate consideration amount for the apartment including garages / covered parking spaces is thus Rs. _____ / -

1(c) The Allottee has paid on or before execution of this agreement a sum of Rs _____ (Rupees _____ only) (not exceeding 10% of the total consideration) as advance payment or application fee and hereby agrees to pay to that Promoter the balance amount of Rs (Rupees) in the following manner :-

i. Amount of Rs..... /-(.....) (not exceeding 30% of the total consideration) to be paid to the Promoter after the execution of Agreement

ii. Amount of Rs..... /-(.....) (not exceeding 45% of the total consideration) to be paid to the Promoter on completion of the Plinth of the building or wing in which the said Apartment is located.

iii. Amount of Rs..... /-(.....) (not exceeding 70% of the total consideration) to be paid to the Promoter on completion of the slabs including podiums and stilts of the building or wing in which the said Apartment is located.

iv. Amount of Rs..... /-(.....) (not exceeding 75% of the total consideration) to be paid to the Promoter on completion of the walls, internal plaster, floorings doors and windows of the said Apartment.

v. Amount of Rs..... /- (.....) (not exceeding 80% of the total consideration) to be paid to the Promoter on completion of the Sanitary fittings, staircases, lift wells, lobbies upto the floor level of the said Apartment.

vi. Amount of Rs..... /-(.....) (not exceeding 85% of the total consideration) to be paid to the Promoter on completion of the external plumbing and external plaster, elevation, terraces with waterproofing, of the building or wing in which the said Apartment is located..

vii. Amount of Rs..... /-(.....) (not exceeding 95% of the total consideration) to be paid to the Promoter on completion of the lifts, water pumps, electrical fittings, electro, mechanical and environment requirements, entrance lobby/s, plinth protection, paving of areas appertain and all other requirements as may be prescribed in the Agreement of sale of the building or wing in which the said Apartment is located.

viii. Balance Amount of Rs..... /-(.....) against and at the time of

handing over of the possession of the Apartment to the Allottee on or after receipt of occupancy certificate or completion certificate.

1(d) The Total Price above excludes Taxes (consisting of tax paid or payable by the Promoter by way of Value Added Tax, Service Tax, and Cess or any other similar taxes which may be levied, in connection with the construction of and carrying out the Project payable by the Promoter) up to the date of handing over the possession of the [Apartment/Plot].

1(e) The Total Price is escalation-free, save and except escalations/increases, due to increase on account of development charges payable to the competent authority and/or any other increase in charges which may be levied or imposed by the competent authority Local Bodies/Government from time to time. The Promoter undertakes and agrees that while raising a demand on the Allottee for increase in development charges, cost, or levies imposed by the competent authorities etc., the Promoter shall enclose the said notification/order/rule/regulation published/issued in that behalf to that effect along with the demand letter being issued to the Allottee, which shall only be applicable on subsequent payments.

1(f) The Promoter may allow, in its sole discretion, a rebate for early payments of equal instalments payable by the Allottee by discounting such early payments @ % per annum for the period by which the respective instalment has been preponed. The provision for allowing rebate and such rate of rebate shall not be subject to any revision/withdrawal, once granted to an Allottee by the Promoter.

1(g) The Promoter shall confirm the final carpet area that has been allotted to the Allottee after the construction of the Building is complete and the occupancy certificate is granted by the competent authority, by furnishing details of the changes, if any, in the carpet area, subject to a variation cap of three percent. The total price payable for the carpet area shall be recalculated upon confirmation by the Promoter. If there is any reduction in the carpet area within the defined limit then Promoter shall refund the excess money paid by Allottee within forty-five days with annual interest at the rate specified in the Rules, from the date when such an excess amount was paid by the Allottee. If there is any increase in the carpet area allotted to Allottee, the Promoter shall demand additional amount from the Allottee as per the next milestone of the Payment Plan. All these monetary adjustments shall be made at the same rate per square meter as agreed in Clause 1(a) of this Agreement.

1(h) The Allottee authorizes the Promoter to adjust/appropriate all

payments made by him/her under any head(s) of dues against lawful outstanding, if any, in his/her name as the Promoter may in its sole discretion deem fit and the Allottee undertakes not to object/demand/direct the Promoter to adjust his payments in any manner. Note: Each of the instalments mentioned in the sub clause (ii) and (iii) shall be further subdivided into multiple instalments linked to number of basements/podiums/floors in case of multi-storied building /wing.

2.1 The Promoter hereby agrees to observe, perform and comply with all the terms, conditions, stipulations and restrictions if any, which may have been imposed by the concerned local authority at the time of sanctioning the said plans or thereafter and shall, before handing over possession of the Apartment to the Allottee, obtain from the concerned local authority occupancy and/or completion certificates in respect of the Apartment.

2.2 Time is essence for the Promoter as well as the Allottee. The Promoter shall abide by the time schedule for completing the project and handing over the [Apartment/Plot] to the Allottee and the common areas to the association of the allottees after receiving the occupancy certificate or the completion certificate or both, as the case may be. Similarly, the Allottee shall make timely payments of the instalment and other dues payable by him/her and meeting the other obligations under the Agreement subject to the simultaneous completion of construction by the Promoter as provided in clause 1 (c) herein above. ("Payment Plan").

3. The Promoter hereby declares that the Floor Space Index available as on date in respect of the project land is square meters only and Promoter has planned to utilize Floor Space Index of _____ by availing of TDR or FSI available on payment of premiums or FSI available as incentive FSI by implementing various scheme as mentioned in the Development Control Regulation or based on expectation of increased FSI which may be available in future on modification to Development Control Regulations, which are applicable to the said Project. The Promoter has disclosed the Floor Space Index of _____ as proposed to be utilized by him on the project land in the said Project and Allottee has agreed to purchase the said Apartment based on the proposed construction and sale of apartments to be carried out by the Promoter by utilizing the proposed FSI and on the understanding that the declared proposed FSI shall belong to Promoter only.

4.1 If the Promoter fails to abide by the time schedule for completing the project and handing over the [Apartment/Plot] to the Allottee, the

Promoter agrees to pay to the Allottee, who does not intend to withdraw from the project, interest as specified in the Rule, on all the amounts paid by the Allottee, for every month of delay, till the handing over of the possession. The Allottee agrees to pay to the Promoter, interest as specified in the Rule, on all the delayed payment which become due and payable by the Allottee to the Promoter under the terms of this Agreement from the date the said amount is payable by the allottee(s) to the Promoter.

4.2 Without prejudice to the right of promoter to charge interest in terms of sub clause 4.1 above, on the Allottee committing default in payment on due date of any amount due and payable by the Allottee to the Promoter under this Agreement (including his/her proportionate share of taxes levied by concerned local authority and other outgoings) and on the allottee committing three defaults of payment of instalments, the Promoter shall at his own option, may terminate this Agreement:

Provided that, Promoter shall give notice of fifteen days in writing to the Allottee, by Registered Post AD at the address provided by the allottee and mail at the e-mail address provided by the Allottee, of his intention to terminate this Agreement and of the specific breach or breaches of terms and conditions in respect of which it is intended to terminate the Agreement. If the Allottee fails to rectify the breach or breaches mentioned by the Promoter within the period of notice then at the end of such notice period, promoter shall be entitled to terminate this Agreement.

Provided further that upon termination of this Agreement as aforesaid, the Promoter shall refund to the Allottee (subject to adjustment and recovery of any agreed liquidated damages or any other amount which may be payable to Promoter) within a period of thirty days of the termination, the instalments of sale consideration of the Apartment which may till then have been paid by the Allottee to the Promoter.

5. The fixtures and fittings with regard to the flooring and sanitary fittings and amenities like one or more lifts with particular brand, or price range (if unbranded) to be provided by the Promoter in the said building and the Apartment as are set out in Annexure 'E', annexed hereto.

6. The Promoter shall give possession of the Apartment to the Allottee on or before..... day of20___. If the Promoter fails or neglects to give possession of the Apartment to the Allottee on account of reasons beyond his control and of his agents by the aforesaid date then the Promoter shall be liable on demand to refund to the Allottee

the amounts already received by him in respect of the Apartment with interest at the same rate as may mentioned in the clause 4.1 herein above from the date the Promoter received the sum till the date the amounts and interest thereon is repaid.

Provided that the Promoter shall be entitled to reasonable extension of time for giving delivery of Apartment on the aforesaid date, if the completion of building in which the Apartment is to be situated is delayed on account of -

(i) war, civil commotion or act of God ;

(ii) any notice, order, rule, notification of the Government and/or other public or competent authority/court.

7.1 Procedure for taking possession - The Promoter, upon obtaining the occupancy certificate from the competent authority and the payment made by the Allottee as per the agreement shall offer in writing the possession of the [Apartment/Plot], to the Allottee in terms of this Agreement to be taken within 3 (three months from the date of issue of such notice and the Promoter shall give possession of the [Apartment/Plot] to the Allottee. The Promoter agrees and undertakes to indemnify the Allottee in case of failure of fulfilment of any of the provisions, formalities, documentation on part of the Promoter. The Allottee agree(s) to pay the maintenance charges as determined by the Promoter or association of allottees, as the case may be. The Promoter on its behalf shall offer the possession to the Allottee in writing within 7 days of receiving the occupancy certificate of the Project.

7.2 The Allottee shall take possession of the Apartment within 15 days of the written notice from the promotor to the Allottee intimating that the said Apartments are ready for use and occupancy:

7.3 Failure of Allottee to take Possession of [Apartment/Plot]: Upon receiving a written intimation from the Promoter as per clause 8.1, the Allottee shall take possession of the [Apartment/Plot] from the Promoter by executing necessary indemnities, undertakings and such other documentation as prescribed in this Agreement, and the Promoter shall give possession of the [Apartment/Plot] to the allottee. In case the Allottee fails to take possession within the time provided in clause 8.1 such Allottee shall continue to be liable to pay maintenance charges as applicable.

7.4 If within a period of five years from the date of handing over the Apartment to the Allottee, the Allottee brings to the notice of the Promoter any structural defect in the Apartment or the building in

which the Apartment are situated or any defects on account of workmanship, quality or provision of service, then, wherever possible such defects shall be rectified by the Promoter at his own cost and in case it is not possible to rectify such defects, then the Allottee shall be entitled to receive from the Promoter, compensation for such defect in the manner as provided under the Act.

8. The Allottee shall use the Apartment or any part thereof or permit the same to be used only for purpose of

(residence/office/show-room/shop/godown for carrying on any industry or business.)

(strike of which is not applicable) He shall use the garage or parking space only for purpose of keeping or parking vehicle.

9. The Allottee along with other allottee(s) of Apartments in the building shall join in forming and registering the Society or Association or a Limited Company to be known by such name as the Promoter may decide and for this purpose also from time to time sign and execute the application for registration and/or membership and the other papers and documents necessary for the formation and registration of the Society or Association or Limited Company and for becoming a member, including the byelaws of the proposed Society and duly fill in, sign and return to the Promoter within seven days of the same being forwarded by the Promoter to the Allottee, so as to enable the Promoter to register the common organisation of Allottee. No objection shall be taken by the Allottee if any, changes or modifications are made in the draft bye-laws, or the Memorandum and/or Articles of Association, as may be required by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies or the Registrar of Companies, as the case may be, or any other Competent Authority.

9.1 The Promoter shall, within three months of registration of the Society or Association or Limited Company, as aforesaid, cause to be transferred to the society or Limited Company all the right, title and the interest of the Vendor/Lessor/Original Owner/Promoter and/or the owners in the said structure of the Building or wing in which the said Apartment is situated.

9.2 The Promoter shall, within three months of registration of the Federation/apex body of the Societies or Limited Company, as aforesaid, cause to be transferred to the Federation/Apex body all the right, title and the interest of the Vendor/Lessor/Original Owner/Promoter and/or the owners in the project land on which the building with multiple wings or buildings are constructed.

9.3 Within 15 days after notice in writing is given by the Promoter to the Allottee that the Apartment is ready for use and occupancy, the Allottee shall be liable to bear and pay the proportionate share (i.e. in proportion to the carpet area of the Apartment) of outgoings in respect of the project land and Building/s namely local taxes, betterment charges or such other levies by the concerned local authority and/or Government water charges, insurance, common lights, repairs and salaries of clerks bill collectors, chowkidars, sweepers and all other expenses necessary and incidental to the management and maintenance of the project land and building/s. Until the Society or Limited Company is formed and the said structure of the building/s or wings is transferred to it, the Allottee shall pay to the Promoter such proportionate share of outgoings as may be determined. The Allottee further agrees that till the Allottee's share is so determined the Allottee shall pay to the Promoter provisional monthly contribution of Rs. per month towards the outgoings. The amounts so paid by the Allottee to the Promoter shall not carry any interest and remain with the Promoter until a conveyance/assignment of lease of the structure of the building or wing is executed in favour of the society or a limited company as aforesaid. On such conveyance/assignment of lease being executed for the structure of the building or wing the aforesaid deposits (less deduction provided for in this Agreement) shall be paid over by the Promoter to the Society or the Limited Company, as the case may be.

10. The Allottee shall on or before delivery of possession of the said premises keep deposited with the Promoter, the following amounts :-

(i) Rs. for share money, application entrance fee of the Society or Limited Company/Federation/ Apex body.

(ii) Rs. for formation and registration of the Society or Limited Company/Federation/ Apex body.

(iii) Rs. for proportionate share of taxes and other charges/levies in respect of the Society or Limited Company/Federation/ Apex body

(iv) Rs.for deposit towards provisional monthly contribution towards outgoings of Society or Limited Company/Federation/ Apex body.

(v) Rs..... For Deposit towards Water, Electric, and other utility and services connection charges &

(vi) Rs _____ for deposits of electrical receiving and Sub Station provided in Layout

11. The Allottee shall pay to the Promoter a sum of Rs. for meeting all legal costs, charges and expenses, including professional costs of the Attorney-at- Law/Advocates of the Promoter in connection with formation of the said Society, or Limited Company, or Apex Body or Federation and for preparing its rules, regulations and bye-laws and the cost of preparing and engrossing the conveyance or assignment of lease.

12. At the time of registration of conveyance or Lease of the structure of the building or wing of the building, the Allottee shall pay to the Promoter, the Allottees' share of stamp duty and registration charges payable, by the said Society or Limited Company on such conveyance or lease or any document or instrument of transfer in respect of the structure of the said Building /wing of the building. At the time of registration of conveyance or Lease of the project land, the Allottee shall pay to the Promoter, the Allottees' share of stamp duty and registration charges payable, by the said Apex Body or Federation on such conveyance or lease or any document or instrument of transfer in respect of the structure of the said land to be executed in favour of the Apex Body or Federation.

13. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF THE PROMOTER.
The Promoter hereby represents and warrants to the Allottee as follows:

i. The Promoter has clear and marketable title with respect to the project land; as declared in the title report annexed to this agreement and has the requisite rights to carry out development upon the project land and also has actual, physical and legal possession of the project land for the implementation of the Project;

ii. The Promoter has lawful rights and requisite approvals from the competent Authorities to carry out development of the Project and shall obtain requisite approvals from time to time to complete the development of the project;

iii. There are no encumbrances upon the project land or the Project except those disclosed in the title report;

iv. There are no litigations pending before any Court of law with respect to the project land or Project except those disclosed in the title report;

v. All approvals, licenses and permits issued by the competent authorities with respect to the Project, project land and said building/wing are valid and subsisting and have been obtained by following due process of law. Further, all approvals, licenses and permits to be issued by the competent authorities with respect to the Project, project land and said building/wing shall be obtained by following due process of law and the Promoter has been and shall, at all times, remain to be in compliance with all applicable laws in relation to the Project, project land, Building/wing and common areas;

vi. The Promoter has the right to enter into this Agreement and has not committed or omitted to perform any act or thing, whereby the right, title and interest of the Allottee created herein, may prejudicially be affected;

vii. The Promoter has not entered into any agreement for sale and/or development agreement or any other agreement / arrangement with any person or party with respect to the project land, including the Project and the said [Apartment/Plot] which will, in any manner, affect the rights of Allottee under this Agreement;

viii. The Promoter confirms that the Promoter is not restricted in any manner whatsoever from selling the said [Apartment/Plot] to the Allottee in the manner contemplated in this Agreement;

ix. At the time of execution of the conveyance deed of the structure to the association of allottees the Promoter shall handover lawful, vacant, peaceful, physical possession of the common area of the Structure to the Association of the Allottees;

x. The Promoter has duly paid and shall continue to pay and discharge undispensed governmental dues, rates, charges and taxes and other monies, levies, impositions, premiums, damages and/or penalties and other outgoings, whatsoever, payable with respect to the said project to the competent Authorities;

xi. No notice from the Government or any other local body or authority or any legislative enactment, government ordinance, order, notification (including any notice for acquisition or requisition of the said property) has been received or served upon the Promoter in respect of the project land and/or the Project except those disclosed in the title report.

14. The Allottee/s or himself/themselves with intention to bring all persons into whosoever hands the Apartment may come, hereby covenants with the Promoter as follows :-

i. To maintain the Apartment at the Allottee's own cost in good and tenantable repair and condition from the date that of possession of the Apartment is taken and shall not do or suffer to be done anything in or to the building in which the Apartment is situated which may be against the rules, regulations or bye-laws or change/alter or make addition in or to the building in which the Apartment is situated and the Apartment itself or any part thereof without the consent of the local authorities, if required.

ii. Not to store in the Apartment any goods which are of hazardous, combustible or dangerous nature or are so heavy as to damage the construction or structure of the building in which the Apartment is situated or storing of which goods is objected to by the concerned local or other authority and shall take care while carrying heavy packages which may damage or likely to damage the staircases, common passages or any other structure of the building in which the Apartment is situated, including entrances of the building in which the Apartment is situated and in case any damage is caused to the building in which the Apartment is situated or the Apartment on account of negligence or default of the Allottee in this behalf, the Allottee shall be liable for the consequences of the breach.

iii. To carry out at his own cost all internal repairs to the said Apartment and maintain the Apartment in the same condition, state and order in which it was delivered by the Promoter to the Allottee and shall not do or suffer to be done anything in or to the building in which the Apartment is situated or the Apartment which may be contrary to the rules and regulations and bye-laws of the concerned local authority or other public authority. In the event of the Allottee committing any act in contravention of the above provision, the Allottee shall be responsible and liable for the consequences thereof to the concerned local authority and/or other public authority.

iv. Not to demolish or cause to be demolished the Apartment or any part thereof, nor at any time make or cause to be made any addition or alteration of whatever nature in or to the Apartment or any part thereof, nor any alteration in the elevation and outside colour scheme of the building in which the Apartment is situated and shall keep the portion, sewers, drains and pipes in the Apartment and the appurtenances thereto in good tenantable repair and condition, and in particular, so as to support shelter and protect the other parts of the building in which the Apartment is situated and shall not chisel or in any other manner cause damage to columns, beams, walls, slabs or RCC, Pardis or other structural members in the Apartment without the prior written permission of the Promoter and/or the Society or the

Limited Company.

v. Not to do or permit to be done any act or thing which may render void or voidable any insurance of the project land and the building in which the Apartment is situated or any part thereof or whereby any increased premium shall become payable in respect of the insurance.

vi. Not to throw dirt, rubbish, rags, garbage or other refuse or permit the same to be thrown from the said Apartment in the compound or any portion of the project land and the building in which the Apartment is situated.

vii. Pay to the Promoter within fifteen days of demand by the Promoter, his share of security deposit demanded by the concerned local authority or Government or giving water, electricity or any other service connection to the building in which the Apartment is situated.

viii. To bear and pay increase in local taxes, water charges, insurance and such other levies, if any, which are imposed by the concerned local authority and/or Government and/or other public authority, on account of change of user of the Apartment by the Allottee for any purposes other than for purpose for which it is sold. ix. The Allottee shall not let, sub-let, transfer, assign or part with interest or benefit factor of this Agreement or part with the possession of the Apartment until all the dues payable by the Allottee to the Promoter under this Agreement are fully paid up. x. The Allottee shall observe and perform all the rules and regulations which the Society or the Limited Company or Apex Body or Federation may adopt at its inception and the additions, alterations or amendments thereof that may be made from time to time for protection and maintenance of the said building and the Apartments therein and for the observance and performance of the Building Rules, Regulations and Bye-laws for the time being of the concerned local authority and of Government and other public bodies. The Allottee shall also observe and perform all the stipulations and conditions laid down by the Society/Limited Company/Apex Body/Federation regarding the occupancy and use of the Apartment in the Building and shall pay and contribute regularly and punctually towards the taxes, expenses or other out-goings in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

xi. Till a conveyance of the structure of the building in which Apartment is situated is executed in favour of Society/Limited Society, the Allottee shall permit the Promoter and their surveyors and agents, with or without workmen and others, at all reasonable times, to enter into and upon the said buildings or any part thereof to view and examine the state and condition thereof.

xii. Till a conveyance of the project land on which the building in which Apartment is situated is executed in favour of Apex Body or Federation, the Allottee shall permit the Promoter and their surveyors and agents, with or without workmen and others, at all reasonable times, to enter into and upon the project land or any part thereof to view and examine the state and condition thereof.

15. The Promoter shall maintain a separate account in respect of sums received by the Promoter from the Allottee as advance or deposit, sums received on account of the share capital for the promotion of the Co-operative Society or association or Company or towards the out goings, legal charges and shall utilize the amounts only for the purposes for which they have been received.

16. Nothing contained in this Agreement is intended to be nor shall be construed as a grant, demise or assignment in law, of the said Apartments or of the said Plot and Building or any part thereof. The Allottee shall have no claim save and except in respect of the Apartment hereby agreed to be sold to him and all open spaces, parking spaces, lobbies, staircases, terraces recreation spaces, will remain the property of the Promoter until the said structure of the building is transferred to the Society/Limited Company or other body and until the project land is transferred to the Apex Body /Federation as hereinbefore mentioned.

17. PROMOTER SHALL NOT MORTGAGE OR CREATE A CHARGE After the Promoter executes this Agreement he shall not mortgage or create a charge on the

([Apartment/] and if any such mortgage or charge is made or created then notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, such mortgage or charge shall not affect the right and interest of the Allottee who has taken or agreed to take such [Apartment/plot].

18. BINDING EFFECT Forwarding this Agreement to the Allottee by the Promoter does not create a binding obligation on the part of the Promoter or the Allottee until, firstly, the Allottee signs and delivers this Agreement with all the schedules along with the payments due as stipulated in the Payment Plan within 30 (thirty) days from the date of receipt by the Allottee and secondly, appears for registration of the same before the concerned Sub- Registrar as and when intimated by the Promoter. If the Allottee(s) fails to execute and deliver to the Promoter this Agreement within 30 (thirty) days from the date of its receipt by the Allottee and/or appear before the Sub-Registrar for its

registration as and when intimated by the Promoter, then the Promoter shall serve a notice to the Allottee for rectifying the default, which if not rectified within 15 (fifteen) days from the date of its receipt by the Allottee, application of the Allottee shall be treated as cancelled and all sums deposited by the Allottee in connection therewith including the booking amount shall be returned to the Allottee without any interest or compensation whatsoever.

19. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

This Agreement, along with its schedules and annexures, constitutes the entire Agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes any and all understandings, any other agreements, allotment letter, correspondences, arrangements whether written or oral, if any, between the Parties in regard to the said apartment/plot/building, as the case may be.

20. RIGHT TO AMEND This Agreement may only be amended through written consent of the Parties.

21. PROVISIONS OF THIS AGREEMENT APPLICABLE TO ALLOTTEE / SUBSEQUENT ALLOTTEES

It is clearly understood and so agreed by and between the Parties hereto that all the provisions contained herein and the obligations arising hereunder in respect of the Project shall equally be applicable to and enforceable against any subsequent Allottees of the [Apartment/Plot], in case of a transfer, as the said obligations go along with the [Apartment/Plot] for all intents and purposes.

22. SEVERABILITY

If any provision of this Agreement shall be determined to be void or unenforceable under the Act or the Rules and Regulations made thereunder or under other applicable laws, such provisions of the Agreement shall be deemed amended or deleted in so far as reasonably inconsistent with the purpose of this Agreement and to the extent necessary to conform to Act or the Rules and Regulations made thereunder or the applicable law, as the case may be, and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain valid and enforceable as applicable at the time of execution of this Agreement.

23. METHOD OF CALCULATION OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE WHEREVER REFERRED TO IN THE AGREEMENT

Wherever in this Agreement it is stipulated that the Allottee has to

make any payment, in common with other Allottee(s) in Project, the same shall be in proportion to the carpet area of the [Apartment/Plot] to the total carpet area of all the [Apartments/Plots] in the Project.

24. FURTHER ASSURANCES

Both Parties agree that they shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the other such instruments and take such other actions, in additions to the instruments and actions specifically provided for herein, as may be reasonably required in order to effectuate the provisions of this Agreement or of any transaction contemplated herein or to confirm or perfect any right to be created or transferred hereunder or pursuant to any such transaction.

25. PLACE OF EXECUTION

The execution of this Agreement shall be complete only upon its execution by the Promoter through its authorized signatory at the Promoter's Office, or at some other place, which may be mutually agreed between the Promoter and the Allottee, in after the Agreement is duly executed by the Allottee and the Promoter or simultaneously with the execution the said Agreement shall be registered at the office of the Sub-Registrar. Hence this Agreement shall be deemed to have been executed at .

26. The Allottee and/or Promoter shall present this Agreement as well as the conveyance/assignment of lease at the proper registration office of registration within the time limit prescribed by the Registration Act and the Promoter will attend such office and admit execution thereof.

27. That all notices to be served on the Allottee and the Promoter as contemplated by this Agreement shall be deemed to have been duly served if sent to the Allottee or the Promoter by Registered Post A.D and notified Email ID/Under Certificate of Posting at their respective addresses specified below:

Name of Allottee

(Allottee's Address)

Notified Email ID: _____

M/s Promoter name

(Promoter Address)

Notified Email ID: _____

It shall be the duty of the Allottee and the promoter to inform each other of any change in address subsequent to the execution of this Agreement in the above address by Registered Post failing which all communications and letters posted at the above address shall be deemed to have been received by the promoter or the Allottee, as the case may be.

28. JOINT ALLOTTEES

That in case there are Joint Allottees all communications shall be sent by the Promoter to the Allottee whose name appears first and at the address given by him/her which shall for all intents and purposes to consider as properly served on all the Allottees.

29. Stamp Duty and Registration :- The charges towards stamp duty and Registration of this Agreement shall be borne by the allottee. 30. Dispute Resolution :- Any dispute between parties shall be settled amicably. In case of failure to settle the dispute amicably, which shall be referred to the _____ Authority as per the provisions of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016, Rules and Regulations, thereunder.

31. GOVERNING LAW

That the rights and obligations of the parties under or arising out of this Agreement shall be construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of India for the time being in force and the _____ courts will have the jurisdiction for this Agreement

IN WITNESS WHEREOF parties hereinabove named have set their respective hands and signed this Agreement for sale at (city/town name) in the presence of attesting witness, signing as such on the day first above written.

First Schedule Above Referred to

Description of the freehold/leasehold land and all other details

Second Schedule Above Referred to

Here set out the nature, extent and description of common areas and facilities.

SIGNED AND DELIVERED BY THE WITHIN NAMED

Allottee: (including joint buyers)

(1)

(2)

At on

in the presence of WITNESSES:

1. Name

Signature

2. Name

Signature

SIGNED AND DELIVERED BY THE WITHIN NAMED

Promoter:

(1)

(Authorized Signatory) WITNESSES:

Name

Signature

Name

Signature

Note – Execution clauses to be finalised in individual cases having regard to the constitution of the parties to the Agreement.

SCHEDULE 'A'

PLEASE INSERT DESCRIPTION OF THE [APARTMENT/PLOT] AND THE GARAGE/CLOSED PARKING (IF APPLICABLE) ALONG WITH

BOUNDARIES IN ALL FOUR DIRECTIONS

SCHEDULE 'B'

FLOOR PLAN OF THE APARTMENT

ANNEXURE – A

Name of the Attorney at Law/Advocate,

Address :

Date :

No.

RE. :

Title Report

Details of the Title Report

The Schedule Above Referred to

(Description of property)

Place:

Datedday of 20.....

(Signed)

Signature of Attorney-at-Law/Advocate

ANNEXURE –B

(Authenticated copies of Property Card or extract Village Forms VI or VII and XII or any other revenue record showing nature of the title of the Vendor/Lessor/Original Owner/Promoter to the project land).

ANNEXURE –C-1

(Authenticated copies of the plans of the Layout as approved by the concerned Local Authority)

ANNEXURE - C-2

(Authenticated copies of the plans of the Layout as proposed by the Promoter and according to which the construction of the buildings and open spaces are proposed to be provided for on the said project)

ANNEXURE -D

(Authenticated copies of the plans and specifications of the Apartment agreed to be purchased by the Allottee as approved by the concerned local authority)

ANNEXURE – E

(Specification and amenities for the Apartment),

ANNEXURE –F

Authenticated copy of the Registration Certificate of the Project granted by the Real Estate Regulatory Authority)

Received of and from the Allottee above named the sum of Rupees on execution of this agreement towards Earnest Money Deposit or application fee

I say received. The Promoter /s.

14. Adherence to sanctioned plans and project specifications by the promoter.

(1) The proposed project shall be developed and completed by the promoter in accordance with the sanctioned plans, layout plans and specifications as approved by the competent authorities.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law, contract or agreement, after the sanctioned plans, layout plans and specifications and the nature of the fixtures, fittings, amenities and common areas, of the apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, as approved by the competent authority, are disclosed or furnished to the person who agree to take one or more of the said apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, the promoter shall not make—

(i) any additions and alterations in the sanctioned plans, layout plans and specifications and the nature of fixtures, fittings and amenities described therein

in respect of the apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, which are agreed to be taken, without the previous consent of that person:

Provided that the promoter may make such minor additions or alterations as may be required by the allottee, or such minor changes or alterations as may be necessary due to architectural and structural reasons duly recommended and verified by an authorised Architect or Engineer after proper declaration and intimation to the allottee.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause, "minor additions or alterations" excludes structural change including an addition to the area or change in height, or the removal of part of a building, or any change to the structure, such as the construction or removal or cutting into of any wall or a part of a wall, partition, column, beam, joist, floor including a mezzanine floor or other support, or a change to or closing of any required means of access ingress or egress or a change to the fixtures or equipment, etc.

(ii) any other alterations or additions in the sanctioned plans, layout plans and specifications of the buildings or the common areas within the project without the previous written consent of at least two-thirds of the allottees, other than the promoter, who have agreed to take apartments in such building.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause, the allottees, irrespective of the number of apartments or plots, as the case may be, booked by him or booked in the name of his family, or in the case of other persons such as companies or firms or any association of individuals, etc., by whatever name called, booked in its name or booked in the name of its associated entities or related enterprises, shall be considered as one allottee only.

(3) In case any structural defect or any other defect in workmanship, quality or provision of services or any other obligations of the promoter as per the agreement for sale relating to such development is brought to the notice of the promoter within a period of five years by the allottee from the date of handing over possession, it shall be the duty of the promoter to rectify such defects without further charge, within thirty days, and in the event of promoter's failure to rectify such defects within such time, the aggrieved allottees shall be entitled to receive appropriate compensation in the manner as provided under this Act.

15. Obligations of promoter in case of transfer of a real estate project to a third party.

(1) The promoter shall not transfer or assign his majority rights and liabilities in respect of a real estate project to a third party without obtaining prior written consent from two-third allottees, except the promoter, and without the prior written approval of the Authority:

Provided that such transfer or assignment shall not affect the allotment or sale of the apartments, plots or buildings as the case may be, in the real estate project made by the erstwhile promoter.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-section, the allottee, irrespective of the number of apartments or plots, as the case may be, booked by him or booked in the name of his family, or in the case of other persons such as companies or firms or any association of individuals, by whatever name called, booked in its name or booked in the name of its associated entities or related enterprises, shall be considered as one allottee only.

(2) On the transfer or assignment being permitted by the allottees and the Authority under sub-section (1), the intending promoter shall be required to independently comply with all the pending obligations under the provisions of this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder, and the pending obligations as per the agreement for sale entered into by the erstwhile promoter with the allottees:

Provided that any transfer or assignment permitted under provisions of this section shall not result in extension of time to the intending promoter to complete the real estate project and he shall be required to comply with all the pending obligations of the erstwhile promoter, and in case of default, such intending promoter shall be liable to the consequences of breach or delay, as the case may be, as provided under this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder.

16. Obligations of promoter regarding insurance of real estate project.

(1) The promoter shall obtain all such insurances as may be notified by the appropriate Government, including but not limited to insurance in respect of —

(i) title of the land and building as a part of the real estate project; and

(ii) construction of the real estate project. (2) The promoter shall be liable to pay the premium and charges in respect of the insurance specified in sub-section

(1) and shall pay the same before transferring the insurance to the association of the allottees.

(3) The insurance as specified under sub-section (1) shall stand transferred to the benefit of the allottee or the association of allottees, as the case may be, at the time of promoter entering into an agreement for sale with the allottee.

(4) On formation of the association of the allottees, all documents relating to the insurance specified under sub-section (1) shall be handed over to the association of the allottees.

17. Transfer of title.

(1) The promoter shall execute a registered conveyance deed in favour of the allottee along with the undivided proportionate title in the common areas to the association of the allottees or the competent authority, as the case may be, and hand over the physical possession of the plot, apartment of building, as the case may be, to the allottees and the common areas to the association of the allottees or the competent authority, as the case may be, in a real estate project, and the other title documents pertaining thereto within specified period as per sanctioned plans as provided under the local laws:

Provided that, in the absence of any local law, conveyance deed in favour of the allottee or the association of the allottees or the competent authority, as the case may be, under this section shall be carried out by the promoter within three months from date of issue of occupancy certificate.

(2) After obtaining the occupancy certificate and handing over physical possession to the allottees in terms of sub-section (1), it shall be the responsibility of the promoter to hand- over the necessary documents and plans, including common areas, to the association of the allottees or the competent authority, as the case may be, as per the local laws:

Provided that, in the absence of any local law, the promoter shall handover the necessary documents and plans, including common areas, the association of the allottees or the competent authority, as the case may be, within thirty days after obtaining the occupancy certificate.

18. Return of amount and compensation.

(1) If the promoter fails to complete or is unable to give possession of an apartment, plot or building,—

(a) in accordance with the terms of the agreement for sale or, as the case may be, duly completed by the date specified therein; or

(b) due to discontinuance of his business as a developer on account of suspension or revocation of the registration under this Act or for any other reason, he shall be liable on demand to the allottees, in case the allottee wishes to withdraw from the project, without prejudice to any other remedy available, to return the amount received by him in respect of that apartment, plot, building, as the case may be, with interest at such rate as may be prescribed in this behalf including compensation in the manner as provided under this Act:

Provided that where an allottee does not intend to withdraw from the project, he shall be paid, by the promoter, interest for every month of delay, till the handing over of the possession, at such rate as may be prescribed.

(2) The promoter shall compensate the allottees in case of any loss caused to him due to defective title of the land, on which the project is being developed or has been developed, in the manner as provided under this Act, and the claim for compensation under this sub-section shall not be barred by limitation provided under any law for the time being in force. (3) If the promoter fails to discharge any other obligations imposed on him under this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder or in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement for sale, he shall be liable to pay such compensation to the allottees, in the manner as provided under this Act.

RULES

18. Rate of interest payable by the promoter and the allottee. -The rate of interest payable by the promoters to the allottees or by the allottees to the promoters, as the case may be, shall be the State Bank of India highest Marginal Cost of Lending Rate plus two percent:

Provided that in case the State Bank of India Marginal Cost of Lending Rate is not in use it would be replaced by such benchmark lending rates which the State Bank of India may fix from time to time for lending to the general public.

19. Timelines for refund. -The refund of any amount which is payable by the promoters to allottees along with the applicable interest and compensation, if any, under the Act or the Rules and Regulations, shall be made by the Promoter to the allottee within thirty days from the date on which such refund along with applicable Interest and

Compensation, becomes due and payable to the allottee:

Provided that, every instance thereof shall be reported by the concerned promoters within thirty days to the Authority.

CHAPTER IV

RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF ALLOTTEES

19. Rights and duties of allottees.

(1) The allottee shall be entitled to obtain the information relating to sanctioned plans, layout plans along with the specifications, approved by the competent authority and such other information as provided in this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder or the agreement for sale signed with the promoter.

(2) The allottee shall be entitled to know stage-wise time schedule of completion of the project, including the provisions for water, sanitation, electricity and other amenities and services as agreed to between the promoter and the allottee in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement for sale.

(3) The allottee shall be entitled to claim the possession of apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, and the association of allottees shall be entitled to claim the possession of the common areas, as per the declaration given by the promoter under sub-clause (C) of clause (I) of sub-section (2) of section 4.

(4) The allottee shall be entitled to claim the refund of amount paid along with interest at such rate as may be prescribed and compensation in the manner as provided under this Act, from the promoter, if the promoter fails to comply or is unable to give possession of the apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, in accordance with the terms of agreement for sale or due to discontinuance of his business as a developer on account of suspension or revocation of his registration under the provisions of this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder.

(5) The allottee shall be entitled to have the necessary documents and plans, including that of common areas, after handing over the physical possession of the apartment or plot or building as the case may be, by the promoter.

(6) Every allottee, who has entered into an agreement for sale to take an apartment, plot or building as the case may be, under section 13, shall be

responsible to make necessary payments in the manner and within the time as specified in the said agreement for sale and shall pay at the proper time and place, the share of the registration charges, municipal taxes, water and electricity charges, maintenance charges, ground rent, and other charges, if any.

(7) The allottee shall be liable to pay interest, at such rate as may be prescribed, for any delay in payment towards any amount or charges to be paid under sub-section (6).

(8) The obligations of the allottee under sub-section (6) and the liability towards interest under sub-section (7) may be reduced when mutually agreed to between the promoter and such allottee.

(9) Every allottee of the apartment, plot or building as the case may be, shall participate towards the formation of an association or society or cooperative society of the allottees, or a federation of the same.

(10) Every allottee shall take physical possession of the apartment, plot or building as the case may be, within a period of two months of the occupancy certificate issued for the said apartment, plot or building, as the case may be.

(11) Every allottee shall participate towards registration of the conveyance deed of the apartment, plot or building, as the case may be, as provided under sub-section (1) of section 17 of this Act.

CHAPTER V

THE REAL ESTATE REGULATORY AUTHORITY

20. Establishment and incorporation of Real Estate Regulatory Authority

(1) The appropriate Government shall, within a period of one year from the date of coming into force of this Act, by notification, establish an Authority to be known as the Real Estate Regulatory Authority to exercise the powers conferred on it and to perform the functions assigned to it under this Act:

Provided that the appropriate Government of two or more States or Union territories may, if it deems fit, establish one single Authority:

Provided further that, the appropriate Government may, if it deems fit, establish more than one Authority in a State or Union territory, as the case may be:

Provided also that until the establishment of a Regulatory Authority under this section, the appropriate Government shall, by order, designate any Regulatory Authority or any officer preferably the Secretary of the department dealing with Housing, as the Regulatory Authority for the purposes under this Act:

Provided also that after the establishment of the Regulatory Authority, all applications, complaints or cases pending with the Regulatory Authority designated, shall stand transferred to the Regulatory Authority so established and shall be heard from the stage such applications, complaints or cases are transferred.

(2) The Authority shall be a body corporate by the name aforesaid having perpetual succession and a common seal, with the power, subject to the provisions of this Act, to acquire, hold and dispose of property, both movable and immovable, and to contract, and shall, by the said name, sue or be sued.

21. Composition of Authority.

The Authority shall consist of a Chairperson and not less than two whole time Members to be appointed by the appropriate Government.

22. Qualifications of Chairperson and Members of Authority.

The Chairperson and other Members of the Authority shall be appointed by the appropriate Government on the recommendations of a Selection Committee consisting of the Chief Justice of the High Court or his nominee, the Secretary of the Department dealing with Housing and the Law Secretary, in such manner as may be prescribed, from amongst persons having adequate knowledge of and professional experience of at-least twenty years in case of the Chairperson and fifteen years in the case of the Members in urban development, housing, real estate development, infrastructure, economics, technical experts from relevant fields, planning, law, commerce, accountancy, industry, management, social service, public affairs or administration:

Provided that a person who is, or has been, in the service of the State Government shall not be appointed as a Chairperson unless such person has held the post of Additional Secretary to the Central Government or any equivalent post in the Central Government or State Government:

Provided further that a person who is, or has been, in the service of the State Government shall not be appointed as a member unless such person has held the post of Secretary to the State Government or any equivalent post in the State Government or Central Government.

23. Term of office of Chairperson and Members.

(1) The Chairperson and Members shall hold office for a term not exceeding five years from the date on which they enter upon their office, or until they attain the age of sixty- five years, whichever is earlier and shall not be eligible for re-appointment.

(2) Before appointing any person as a Chairperson or Member, the appropriate Government shall satisfy itself that the person does not have any such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions as such Member.

24. Salary and allowances payable to Chairperson and Members.

(1) The salary and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the Chairperson and other Members shall be such as may be prescribed and shall not be varied to their disadvantage during their tenure. (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 23, the Chairperson or a Member, as the case may be, may,—

(a) relinquish his office by giving in writing, to the appropriate Government, notice of not less than three months; or

(b) be removed from his office in accordance with the provisions of section 26 of this Act.

(3) Any vacancy caused to the office of the Chairperson or any other Member shall be filled-up within a period of three months from the date on which such vacancy occurs.

25. Administrative powers of Chairperson.

The Chairperson shall have powers of general superintendence and directions in the conduct of the affairs of Authority and he shall, in addition to presiding over the meetings of the Authority, exercise and discharge such administrative powers and functions of the Authority as may be prescribed.

26. Removal of Chairperson and Members from office in certain circumstances.

(1) The appropriate Government may, in accordance with the procedure notified, remove from office the Chairperson or other Members, if the Chairperson or such other Member, as the case may be,—

- (a) has been adjudged as an insolvent; or
- (b) has been convicted of an offence, involving moral turpitude; or
- (c) has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a Member; or
- (d) has acquired such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions; or
- (e) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest.

(2) The Chairperson or Member shall not be removed from his office on the ground specified under clause (d) or clause (e) of sub-section (1) except by an order made by the appropriate Government after an inquiry made by a Judge of the High Court in which such Chairperson or Member has been informed of the charges against him and given a reasonable opportunity of being heard in respect of those charges.

27. Restrictions on Chairperson or Members on employment after cessation of office.

(1) The Chairperson or a Member, ceasing to hold office as such, shall not—

- (a) accept any employment in, or connected with, the management or administration of, any person or organisation which has been associated with any work under this Act, from the date on which he ceases to hold office:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to any employment under the appropriate Government or a local authority or in any statutory authority or any corporation established by or under any Central, State or provincial Act or a Government Company, as defined under clause (45) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013, which is not a promoter as per the provisions of this Act;

(b) act, for or on behalf of any person or organisation in connection with any specific proceeding or transaction or negotiation or a case to which the Authority is a party and with respect to which the Chairperson or such Member had, before cessation of office, acted for or provided advice to, the Authority;

(c) give advice to any person using information which was obtained in his capacity as the Chairperson or a Member and being unavailable to or not being able to be made available to the public;

(d) enter into a contract of service with, or accept an appointment to a board of directors of, or accept an offer of employment with, an entity with which he had direct and significant official dealings during his term of office as such.

(2) The Chairperson and Members shall not communicate or reveal to any person any matter which has been brought under his consideration or known to him while acting as such.

28. Officers and other employees of Authority

(1) The appropriate Government may, in consultation with the Authority appoint such officers and employees as it considers necessary for the efficient discharge of their functions under this Act who would discharge their functions under the general superintendence of the Chairperson. (2) The salary and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the officers and of the employees of the Authority appointed under sub-section (1) shall be such as may be prescribed.

29. Meetings of Authority.

(1) The Authority shall meet at such places and times, and shall follow such rules of procedure in regard to the transaction of business at its meetings, (including quorum at such meetings), as may be specified by the regulations made by the Authority.

(2) If the Chairperson for any reason, is unable to attend a meeting of the Authority, any other Member chosen by the Members present amongst themselves at the meeting, shall preside at the meeting.

(3) All questions which come up before any meeting of the Authority shall be decided by a majority of votes by the Members present and voting, and in the event of an equality of votes, the Chairperson or in his absence, the person presiding shall have a second or casting vote.

(4) The questions which come up before the Authority shall be dealt with as expeditiously as possible and the Authority shall dispose of the same within a period of sixty days from the date of receipt of the application:

Provided that where any such application could not be disposed of within the said period of sixty days, the Authority shall record its reasons in writing for not disposing of the application within that period.

30. Vacancies, etc., not to invalidate proceeding of Authority.

No act or proceeding of the Authority shall be invalid merely by reason of—

- (a) any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, the Authority; or
- (b) any defect in the appointment of a person acting as a Member of the Authority; or
- (c) any irregularity in the procedure of the Authority not affecting the merits of the case.

31. Filing of complaints with the Authority or the adjudicating officer.

(1) Any aggrieved person may file a complaint with the Authority or the adjudicating officer, as the case may be, for any violation or contravention of the provisions of this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder against any promoter allottee or real estate agent, as the case may be.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-section "person" shall include the association of allottees or any voluntary consumer association registered under any law for the time being in force.

(2) The form, manner and fees for filing complaint under sub-section (1) shall be such as may be specified by regulations.

32. Functions of Authority for promotion of real estate sector

The Authority shall in order to facilitate the growth and promotion of a healthy, transparent, efficient and competitive real estate sector make recommendations to the appropriate Government of the competent authority, as the case may be, on,—

- (a) protection of interest of the allottees, promoter and real estate agent;
- (b) creation of a single window system for ensuring time bound project approvals and clearances for timely completion of the project;
- (c) creation of a transparent and robust grievance redressal mechanism against acts of omission and commission of competent authorities and their officials;
- (d) measures to encourage investment in the real estate sector including measures to increase financial assistance to affordable housing segment;
- (e) measures to encourage construction of environmentally sustainable and affordable housing, promoting standardisation and use of appropriate construction materials, fixtures, fittings and construction techniques;
- (f) measures to encourage grading of projects on various parameters of development including grading of promoters; (g) measures to facilitate amicable conciliation of disputes between the promoters and the allottees through dispute settlement forums set up by the consumer or promoter associations;
- (h) measures to facilitate digitization of land records and system towards conclusive property titles with title guarantee;
- (i) to render advice to the appropriate Government in matters relating to the development of real estate sector;
- (j) any other issue that the Authority may think necessary for the promotion of the real estate sector.

33. Advocacy and awareness measures.

(1) The appropriate Government may, while formulating a policy on real estate sector (including review of laws related to real estate sector) or any other matter, make a reference to the Authority for its opinion on possible effect, of such policy or law on real estate sector and on the receipt of such a reference, the Authority shall within a period of sixty days of making such reference, give its opinion to the appropriate Government which may thereafter take further action as it deems fit.

(2) The opinion given by the Authority under sub-section (1) shall not be binding upon the appropriate Government in formulating such policy or laws.

(3) The Authority shall take suitable measures for the promotion of advocacy, creating awareness and imparting training about laws relating to real estate sector and policies.

34. Functions of Authority.

The functions of the Authority shall include—

(a) to register and regulate real estate projects and real estate agents registered under this Act;

(b) to publish and maintain a website of records, for public viewing, of all real estate projects for which registration has been given, with such details as may be prescribed, including information provided in the application for which registration has been granted;

(c) to maintain a database, on its website, for public viewing, and enter the names and photographs of promoters as defaulters including the project details, registration for which has been revoked or have been penalised under this Act, with reasons therefor, for access to the general public;

(d) to maintain a database, on its website, for public viewing, and enter the names and photographs of real estate agents who have applied and registered under this Act, with such details as may be prescribed, including those whose registration has been rejected or revoked;

(e) to fix through regulations for each areas under its jurisdiction the standard fees to be levied on the allottees or the promoter or the real estate agent, as the case may be;

(f) to ensure compliance of the obligations cast upon the promoters, the allottees and the real estate agents under this Act and the rules and regulations made thereunder;

(g) to ensure compliance of its regulations or orders or directions made in exercise of its powers under this Act;

(h) to perform such other functions as may be entrusted to the Authority by the appropriate Government as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

35. Powers of Authority to call for information, conduct investigations.

(1) Where the Authority considers it expedient to do so, on a complaint or *suo motu*, relating to this Act or the rules of regulations made thereunder, it may, by order in writing and recording reasons therefor call upon any promoter or allottee or real estate agent, as the case may be, at any time to furnish in writing such information or explanation relating to its affairs as the Authority may require and appoint one or more persons to make an inquiry in relation to the affairs of any promoter or allottee or the real estate agent, as the case may be.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, while exercising the powers under sub-section (1), the Authority shall have the same powers as are vested in a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 while trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(i) the discovery and production of books of account and other documents, at such place and at such time as may be specified by the Authority;

(ii) summoning and enforcing the attendance of persons and examining them on oath;

(iii) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses or documents;

(iv) any other matter which may be perscribed.

36. Power to issue interim orders.

Where during an inquiry, the Authority is satisfied that an act in contravention of this Act, or the rules and regulations made thereunder, has been committed and continues to be committed or that such act is about to be committed, the Authority may, by order, restrain any promoter, allottee or real estate agent from carrying on such act until the conclusion of such inquiry or until further orders, without giving notice to such party, where the Authority deems it necessary.

37. Powers of Authority to issue directions.

The Authority may, for the purpose of discharging its functions under the provisions of this Act or rules or regulations made thereunder, issue such directions from time to time, to the promoters or allottees or real estate agents, as the case may be, as it may consider necessary and such directions shall be binding on all concerned.

38. Powers of Authority

(1) The Authority shall have powers to impose penalty or interest, in regard to any contravention of obligations cast upon the promoters, the allottees and the real estate agents, under this Act or the rules and the regulations made thereunder.

(2) The Authority shall be guided by the principles of natural justice and, subject to the other provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, the Authority shall have powers to regulate its own procedure.

(3) Where an issue is raised relating to agreement, action, omission, practice or procedure that—

(a) has an appreciable prevention, restriction or distortion of competition in connection with the development of a real estate project; or

(b) has effect of market power of monopoly situation being abused for affecting interest of allottees adversely, then the Authority, may *suo motu*, make reference in respect of such issue to the Competition Commission of India.

39. Rectification of orders.

The Authority may, at any time within a period of two years from the date of the order made under this Act, with a view to rectifying any mistake apparent from the record, amend any order passed by it, and shall make such amendment, if the mistake is brought to its notice by the parties:

Provided that no such amendment shall be made in respect of any order against which an appeal has been preferred under this Act:

Provided further that the Authority shall not, while rectifying any mistake apparent from record, amend substantive part of its order passed under the provisions of this Act.

40. Recovery of interest or penalty or compensation and enforcement of order, etc.

(1) If a promoter or an allottee or a real estate agent, as the case may be, fails to pay any interest or penalty or compensation imposed on him, by the

adjudicating officer or the Regulatory Authority or the Appellate Authority, as the case may be, under this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder, it shall be recoverable from such promoter or allottee or real estate agent, in such manner as may be prescribed as an arrears of land revenue.

(2) If any adjudicating officer or the Regulatory Authority or the Appellate Tribunal, as the case may be, issues any order or directs any person to do any act, or refrain from doing any act, which it is empowered to do under this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder, then in case of failure by any person to comply with such order or direction, the same shall be enforced, in such manner as may be prescribed.

CHAPTER VI

CENTRAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

41. Establishment of Central Advisory Council.

(1) The Central Government may, by notification, establish with effect from such date as it may specify in such notification, a Council to be known as the Central Advisory Council.

(2) The Minister to the Government of India in charge of the Ministry of the Central Government dealing with Housing shall be the *ex officio* Chairperson of the Central Advisory Council.

(3) The Central Advisory Council shall consist of representatives of the Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Industry and Commerce, Ministry of Urban Development, Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Law and Justice, Niti Aayog, National Housing Bank, Housing and Urban Development Corporation, five representatives of State Governments to be selected by rotation, five representatives of the Real Estate Regulatory Authorities to be selected by rotation, and any other Central Government department as notified.

(4) The Central Advisory Council shall also consist of not more than ten members to represent the interests of real estate industry, consumers, real estate agents, construction labourers, non-governmental organisations and academic and research bodies in the real estate sector.

42. Functions of Central Advisory Council.

(1) The functions of the Central Advisory Council shall be to advise and recommend the Central Government,—

(a) on all matters concerning the implementation of this Act;

(b) on major questions of policy;

(c) towards protection of consumer interest;

(d) to foster the growth and development of the real estate sector;

(e) on any other matter as may be assigned to it by the Central Government.

(2) The Central Government may specify the rules to give effect to the recommendations of the Central Advisory Council on matters as provided under sub-section (1).

CHAPTER VII THE REAL ESTATE APPELLATE TRIBUNAL

43. Establishment of Real Estate Appellate Tribunal.

(1) The appropriate Government shall, within a period of one year from the date of coming into force of this Act, by notification, establish an Appellate Tribunal to be known as the — (name of the State/Union territory) Real Estate Appellate Tribunal.

(2) The appropriate Government may, if it deems necessary, establish one or more benches of the Appellate Tribunal, for various jurisdictions, in the State or Union territory, as the case may be.

(3) Every bench of the Appellate Tribunal shall consist of at least one Judicial Member and one Administrative to Technical Member.

(4) The appropriate Government of two or more States or Union territories may, if it deems fit, establish one single Appellate Tribunal:

Provided that, until the establishment of an Appellate Tribunal under this section, the appropriate Government shall designate, by order, any Appellate Tribunal Functioning under any law for the time being in force, to be the Appellate Tribunal to hear appeals under the Act:

Provided further that after the Appellate Tribunal under this section is established, all matters pending with the Appellate Tribunal designated to hear appeals, shall stand transferred to the Appellate Tribunal so established and shall be heard from the stage such appeal is transferred.

(5) Any person aggrieved by any direction or decision or order made by the Authority or by an adjudicating officer under this Act may prefer an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal having jurisdiction over the matter:

Provided that where a promoter files an appeal with the Appellate Tribunal, it shall not be entertained, without the promoter first having deposited with the Appellate Tribunal at least thirty per cent. of the penalty, or such higher percentage as may be determined by the Appellate Tribunal, or the total amount to be paid to the allottee including interest and compensation imposed on him, if any, or with both, as the case may be, before the said appeal is heard.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-section "person" shall include the association of allottees or any voluntary consumer association registered under any law for the time being in force.

44. Application for settlement of disputes and appeals to Appellate Tribunal.

(1) The appropriate Government or the competent authority or any person aggrieved by any direction or order or decision of the Authority or the adjudicating officer may prefer an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal.

(2) Every appeal made under sub-section (1) shall be preferred within a period of sixty days from the date on which a copy of the direction or order or decision made by the Authority or the adjudicating officer is received by the appropriate Government or the competent authority or the aggrieved person and it shall be in such form and accompanied by such fee, as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Appellate Tribunal may entertain any appeal after the expiry of sixty days if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not filing it within that period.

(3) On receipt of an appeal under sub-section (1), the Appellate Tribunal may after giving the parties an opportunity of being heard, pass such orders, including interim orders, as it thinks fit.

(4) The Appellate Tribunal shall send a copy of every order made by it to the parties and to the Authority or the adjudicating officer, as the case may be.

(5) The appeal preferred under sub-section (1), shall be dealt with by it as expeditiously as possible and endeavour shall be made by it to dispose of the appeal within a period of sixty days from the date of receipt of appeal:

Provided that where any such appeal could not be disposed of within the said period of sixty days, the Appellate Tribunal shall record its reasons in writing for not disposing of the appeal within that period.

(6) The Appellate Tribunal may, for the purpose of examining the legality or propriety or correctness of any order or decision of the Authority or the adjudicating officer, on its own motion or otherwise, call for the records relevant to deposing of such appeal and make such orders as it thinks fit.

45. Composition of Appellate Tribunal.

The Appellate Tribunal shall consist of a Chairperson and not less than two whole time Members of which one shall be a Judicial member and other shall be a Technical or Administrative Member, to be appointed by the appropriate Government.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Chapter,—

(i) "Judicial Member" means a Member of the Appellate Tribunal appointed as such under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 46; (ii) "Technical or Administrative Member" means a Member of the Appellate Tribunal appointed as such under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 46.

46. Qualifications for appointment of Chairperson and Members.

(1) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the Chairperson or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal unless he,—

(a) in the case of Chairperson, is or has been a Judge of a High Court; and

(b) in the case of a Judicial Member he has held a judicial office in the territory of India for at least fifteen years or has been a member of the Indian Legal Service and has held the post of Additional Secretary of that service or any equivalent post, or has been an advocate for at least twenty years with experience in dealing with real estate matters; and

(c) in the case of a Technical or Administrative Member, he is a person who is well-versed in the field of urban development, housing, real estate development, infrastructure, economics, planning, law, commerce, accountancy, industry, management, public affairs or administration and possesses experience of at

least twenty years in the field or who has held the post in the Central Government, or a State Government equivalent to the post of Additional Secretary to the Government of India or an equivalent post in the Central Government or an equivalent post in the State Government.

(2) The Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal shall be appointed by the appropriate Government in consultation with the Chief Justice of High Court or his nominee.

(3) The judicial Members and Technical or Administrative Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be appointed by the appropriate Government on the recommendations of a Selection Committee consisting of the Chief Justice of the High Court or his nominee, the Secretary of the Department handling Housing and the Law Secretary and in such manner as may be prescribed.

47. Term of office of Chairperson and Members.

(1) The Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal shall hold office, as such for a term not exceeding five years from the date on which he enters upon his office, but shall not be eligible for re-appointment:

Provided that in case a person, who is or has been a Judge of a High Court, has been appointed as Chairperson of the Tribunal, he shall not hold office after he has attained the age of sixty-seven years:

Provided further that no Judicial Member or Technical or Administrative Member shall hold office after he has attained the age of sixty-five years.

(2) Before appointing any person as Chairperson or Member, the appropriate Government shall satisfy itself that the person does not have any such financial or other interest, as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions as such member.

48. Salary and allowances payable to Chairperson and Members.

(1) The salary and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the Chairperson and other Members shall be such as may be prescribed and shall not be varied to their disadvantage during their tenure.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 47, the Chairperson or a Member, as the case may be, may:—

- (a) relinquish his office by giving in writing to the appropriate Government a notice of not less than three months;
- (b) be removed from his office in accordance with the provisions of section 49.
- (3) A vacancy caused to the office of the Chairperson or any other Member, as the case may be, shall be filled-up within a period of three months from the date on which such vacancy occurs.

49. Removal of Chairperson and Member from office in certain circumstances.

- (1) The appropriate Government may, in consultation with the Chief Justice of the High Court, remove from office of the Chairperson or any judicial Member or Technical or Administrative Member of the Appellate Tribunal, who—
 - (a) has been adjudged as an insolvent; or
 - (b) has been convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of the appropriate Government involves moral turpitude; or
 - (c) has become physically or mentally incapable; or
 - (d) has acquired such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions; or
 - (e) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest.
- (2) The Chairperson or Judicial member or Technical or Administrative Member shall not be removed from his office except by an order made by the appropriate Government after an inquiry made by the Judge of the High Court in which such Chairperson or Judicial member or Technical or Administrative Member has been informed of the charges against him and given a reasonable opportunity of being heard in respect of those charges.
- (3) The appropriate Government may suspend from the office of the Chairperson or Judicial member or Technical or Administrative Member in respect of whom a reference of conducting an inquiry has been made to the Judge of the High Court under sub-section (2), until the appropriate Government passes an order on receipt of the report of inquiry made by the Judge of the High Court on such reference.
- (4) The appropriate Government may, by rules, regulate the procedure for inquiry referred to in sub-section (2).

50. Restrictions on Chairperson or Judicial Member or Technical or Administrative Member on employment after cessation of office.

(1) The Chairperson or Judicial Member or Technical or Administrative Member, ceasing to hold office as such shall not:—

(a) Accept any employment in, or connected with, the management or administration of, any person or organisation which has been associated with any work under this Act, from the date on which he ceases to hold office:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to any employment under the appropriate Government or a local authority or in any statutory authority or any corporation established by or under any Central, State or provincial Act or a Government Company as defined under clause (45) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013, which is not a promoter as per the provisions of this Act;

(b) act, for or on behalf of any person or organisation in connection with any specific proceeding or transaction or negotiation or a case to which the Authority is a party and with respect to which the Chairperson or Judicial Member or Technical or Administrative Member had, before cessation of office, acted for or provided advice to, the Authority;

(c) give advice to any person using information which was obtained in his capacity as the Chairperson or Judicial Member or Technical or Administrative Member and being unavailable to or not being able to be made available to the public;

(d) enter into a contract of service with, or accept an appointment to a board of directors of, or accept an offer of employment with, an entity with which he had direct and significant official dealings during his term of office as such.

(2) The Chairperson or Judicial Member or Technical or Administrative Member shall not communicate or reveal to any person any matter which has been brought under his consideration or known to him while acting as such.

51. Officers and other employees of Appellate Tribunal.

(1) The appropriate Government shall provide the Appellate Tribunal with such officers and employees as it may deem fit.

(2) The officers and employees of the Appellate Tribunal shall discharge their functions under the general superintendence of its Chairperson.

(3) The salary and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the officers and employees of the Appellate Tribunal shall be such as may be prescribed.

52. Vacancies.

If, for reason other than temporary absence, any vacancy occurs in the office of the Chairperson or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal, the appropriate Government shall appoint another person in accordance with the provisions of this Act to fill the vacancy and the proceedings may be continued before the Appellate Tribunal from the stage at which the vacancy is filled.

53. Powers of Tribunal.

(1) The Appellate Tribunal shall not be bound by the procedure laid down by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 but shall be guided by the principles of natural justice.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Appellate Tribunal shall have power to regulate its own procedure.

(3) The Appellate Tribunal shall also not be bound by the rules of evidence contained in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

(4) The Appellate Tribunal shall have, for the purpose of discharging its functions under this Act, the same powers as are vested in a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;

(b) requiring the discovery and production of documents;

(c) receiving evidence on affidavits;

(d) issuing commissions for the examinations of witnesses or documents;

(e) reviewing its decisions;

(f) dismissing an application for default or directing it *ex parte*; and

(g) any other matter which may be prescribed.

(5) All proceedings before the Appellate Tribunal shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193, 219 and 228 for the purposes of section 196 of the Indian Penal Code, and the Appellate Tribunal shall be deemed to be civil court for the purposes of section 195 and Chapter XXVI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

54. Administrative powers of Chairperson of Appellate Tribunal.

The Chairperson shall have powers of general superintendence and direction in the conduct of the affairs of Appellate Tribunal and he shall, in addition to presiding over the meetings of the Appellate Tribunal exercise and discharge such administrative powers and functions of the Appellate Tribunal as may be prescribed.

55. Vacancies, etc., not to invalidate proceeding of Appellate Tribunal.

No act or proceeding of the Appellate Tribunal shall be invalid merely by reason of—

- (a) any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, the Appellate Tribunal, or
- (b) any defect in the appointment of a person acting as a Member of the Appellate Tribunal; or
- (c) Any irregularity in the procedure of the Appellate Tribunal not affecting the merits of the case.

56. Right to legal representation.

The applicant or appellant may either appear in person or authorise one or more chartered accountants or company secretaries or cost accountants or legal practitioners or any of its officers to present his or its case before the Appellate Tribunal or the Regulatory Authority or the adjudicating officer, as the case may be.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (a) "chartered accountant" means a chartered accountant as defined in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 or any

other law for the time being in force and who has obtained a certificate of practice under sub-section (1) of section 6 of that Act;

(b) "company secretary" means a company secretary as defined in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 or any other law for the time being in force and who has obtained a certificate of practice under sub-section (1) of section 6 of that Act;

(c) "cost accountant" means a cost accountant as defined in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Cost and Works Accountants Act, 1959 or any other law for the time being in force and who has obtained a certificate of practice under sub-section (1) of section 6 of that Act;

(d) "legal practitioner" means an advocate, vakil or an attorney of any High Court, and includes a pleader in practice.

57. Orders passed by Appellate Tribunal to be executable as a decree.

(1) Every order made by the Appellate Tribunal under this Act shall be executable by the Appellate Tribunal as a decree of civil court, and for this purpose, the Appellate Tribunal shall have all the powers of a civil court.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Appellate Tribunal may transmit any order made by it to a civil court having local jurisdiction and such civil court shall execute the order as if it were a decree made by the court.

58. Appeal to High Court.

(1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order of the Appellate Tribunal, may, file an appeal to the High Court, within a period of sixty days from the date of communication of the decision or order of the Appellate Tribunal, to him, on any one or more of the grounds specified in section 100 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908:

Provided that the High Court may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of sixty days, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from preferring the appeal in time.

Explanation.—The expression "High Court" means the High Court of a State or Union territory where the real estate project is situated.

(2) No appeal shall lie against any decision or order made by the Appellate Tribunal with the consent of the parties.

CHAPTER VIII

OFFENCES, PENALTIES AND ADJUDICATION

59. Punishment for non registration under section 3.

(1) If any promoter contravenes the provisions of section 3, he shall be liable to a penalty which may extend up to ten per cent. of the estimated cost of the real estate project as determined by the Authority.

(2) If any promoter does not comply with the orders, decisions or directions issued under sub-section (1) or continues to violate the provisions of section 3, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend up to three years or with fine which may extend up to a further ten per cent. of the estimated cost of the real estate project, or with both.

60. Penalty for contravention of section 4.

If any promoter provides false information or contravenes the provisions of section 4, he shall be liable to a penalty which may extend up to five per cent. of the estimated cost of the real estate project, as determined by the Authority.

61. Penalty for contravention of other provisions of this Act.

If any promoter contravenes any other provisions of this Act, other than that provided under section 3 or section 4, or the rules or regulations made thereunder, he shall be liable to a penalty which may extend up to five per cent. of the estimated cost of the real estate project as determined by the Authority.

62. Penalty for non-registration and contravention under sections 9 and 10.

If any real estate agent fails to comply with or contravenes the provisions of section 9 or section 10, he shall be liable to a penalty of ten thousand rupees for every day during which such default continues, which may cumulatively extend

up to five per cent. of the cost of plot, apartment or buildings, as the case may be, of the real estate project, for which the sale or purchase has been facilitated as determined by the Authority.

63. Penalty for failure to comply with orders of Authority by promoter.

If any promoter, who fails to comply with, or contravenes any of the orders or directions of the Authority, he shall be liable to a penalty for every day during which such default continues, which may cumulatively extend up to five per cent., of the estimated cost of the real estate project as determined by the Authority.

64. Penalty for failure to comply with orders of Appellate Tribunal by promoter.

If any promoter, who fails to comply with, or contravenes any of the orders, decisions or directions of the Appellate Tribunal, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend up to three years or with fine for every day during which such default continues, which may cumulatively extend up to ten per cent. of the estimated cost of the real estate project, or with both.

65. Penalty for failure to comply with orders of Authority by real estate agent.

If any real estate agent, who fails to comply with, or contravenes any of the orders or directions of the Authority, he shall be liable to a penalty for every day during which such default continues, which may cumulatively extend up to five per cent., of the estimated cost of plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, of the real estate project, for which the sale or purchase has been facilitated and as determined by the Authority.

66. Penalty for failure to comply with orders of Appellate Tribunal by real estate agent.

If any real estate agent, who fails to comply with, or contravenes any of the orders, decisions or directions of the Appellate Tribunal, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend up to one year or with fine for every day during which such default continues, which may cumulatively extend up to ten per cent. of the estimated cost of plot, apartment or building, as the

case may be, of the real estate project, for which the sale or purchase has been facilitated, or with both.

67. Penalty for failure to comply with orders of Authority by allottee.

If any allottee, who fails to comply with, or contravenes any of the orders, decisions or directions of the Authority he shall be liable to a penalty for the period during which such default continues, which may cumulatively extend up to five per cent. of the plot, apartment or building cost, as the case may be, as determined by the Authority.

68. Penalty for failure to comply with orders of Appellate Tribunal by allottee.

If any allottee, who fails to comply with, or contravenes any of the orders or directions of the Appellate Tribunal, as the case may be, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend up to one year or with fine for every day during which such default continues, which may cumulatively extend up to ten per cent. of the plot, apartment or building cost, as the case may be, or with both.

69. Offences by companies.

(1) Where an Offence under this Act has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time, the offence was committed was in charge of, or was responsible to the company for the conduct of, the business of the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section, shall render any such person liable to any punishment under this Act if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where an offence under this Act has been committed by a company, and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to, any neglect on the part of any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this section,—

(a) "company" means any body corporate and includes a firm, or other association of individuals; and

(b) "director" in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.

70. Compounding of offences.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, if any person is punished with imprisonment under this Act, the punishment may, either before or after the institution of the prosecution, be compounded by the court on such terms and conditions and on payment of such sums as may be prescribed:

Provided that the sum prescribed shall not, in any case, exceed the maximum amount of the fine which may be imposed for the offence so compounded.

71. Power to adjudicate.

(1) For the purpose of adjudging compensation under sections 12, 14, 18 and section 19, the Authority shall appoint in consultation with the appropriate Government one or more judicial officer as deemed necessary, who is or has been a District Judge to be an adjudicating officer for holding an inquiry in the prescribed manner, after giving any person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard:

Provided that any person whose complaint in respect of matters covered under sections

12, 14, 18 and section 19 is pending before the Consumer Disputes Redressal Forum or the Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission or the National Consumer Redressal Commission, established under section 9 of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986, on or before the commencement of this Act, he may, with the permission of such Forum or Commission, as the case may be, withdraw the complaint pending before it and file an application before the adjudicating officer under this Act.

(2) The application for adjudging compensation under sub-section (1), shall be dealt with by the adjudicating officer as expeditiously as possible and dispose of the same within a period of sixty days from the date of receipt of the application:

Provided that where any such application could not be disposed of within the said period of sixty days, the adjudicating officer shall record his reasons in writing for not disposing of the application within that period.

(3) While holding an inquiry the adjudicating officer shall have power to summon and enforce the attendance of any person acquainted with the facts and circumstances of the case to give evidence or to produce any document which in the opinion of the adjudicating officer, may be useful for or relevant to the subject matter of the inquiry and if, on such inquiry, he is satisfied that the person has failed to comply with the provisions of any of the sections specified in sub-section (1), he may direct to pay such compensation or interest, as the case may be, as he thinks fit in accordance with the provisions of any of those sections.

72. Factors to be taken into account by the adjudicating officer.

While adjudging the quantum of compensation or interest, as the case may be, under section 71, the adjudicating officer shall have due regard to the following factors, namely:—

- (a) the amount of disproportionate gain or unfair advantage, wherever quantifiable, made as a result of the default;
- (b) the amount of loss caused as a result of the default;
- (c) the repetitive nature of the default;
- (d) such other factors which the adjudicating officer considers necessary to the case in furtherance of justice.

CHAPTER IX

FINANCE, ACCOUNTS, AUDITS AND REPORTS

73. Grants and loans by Central Government.

The Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament in this behalf, make to the Authority grants and loans of such sums of money as that Government may consider necessary.

74. Grants and loans by State Government.

The State Government may, after due appropriation made by State Legislature by law in this behalf, make to the Authority, grants and loans of such sums of money as the State Government may think fit for being utilised for the purposes of this Act.

75. Constitution of Fund.

(1) The appropriate Government shall constitute a fund to be called the 'Real Estate Regulatory Fund' and there shall be credited thereto,—

- (a) all Government grants received by the Authority;
- (b) the fees received under this Act;
- (c) the interest accrued on the amounts referred to in clauses (a) to (b).

(2) The Fund shall be applied for meeting—

(a) the salaries and allowances payable to the Chairperson and other Members, the adjudicating officer and the administrative expenses including the salaries and allowances payable to be officers and other employees of the Authority and the Appellate Tribunal;

(b) the other expenses of the Authority in connection with the discharge of its functions and for the purposes of this Act.

(3) The Fund shall be administered by a committee of such Members of the Authority as may be determined by the Chairperson.

(4) The committee appointed under sub-section (3) shall spend monies out of the Fund for carrying out the objects for which the Fund has been constituted.

76. Crediting sums realised by way of penalties to Consolidated Fund of India or State account.

(1) All sums realised, by way of penalties, imposed by the Appellate Tribunal or the Authority, in the Union territories, shall be credited to the Consolidated Fund of India.

(2) All sums realised, by way of penalties, imposed by the Appellate Tribunal or the Authority, in a State, shall be credited to such account as the State Government may specify.

77. Budget, accounts and audit.

(1) The Authority shall prepare a budget, maintain proper accounts and other relevant records and prepare an annual statement of accounts in such form as may be prescribed by the appropriate Government in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor- General of India.

(2) The accounts of the Authority shall be audited by the Comptroller and Auditor- General of India at such intervals as may be specified by him and any expenditure incurred in connection with such audit shall be payable by the Authority to the Comptroller and Auditor- General of India.

(3) The Comptroller and Auditor-General and any person appointed by him in connection with the audit of the accounts of the Authority under this Act shall have the same rights and privileges and authority in connection with such audit as the Comptroller and Auditor- General generally has in connection with the audit of Government accounts and, in particular shall have the right to demand and production of books, accounts, connected vouchers and other documents and papers, and to inspect any of the offices of the Authority.

(4) The accounts of the Authority, as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or any other person appointed by him in this behalf, together with the audit report thereon shall be forwarded annually to the appropriate Government by the Authority and the appropriate Government shall cause the audit report to be laid, as soon as may be after it is received, before each House of Parliament or, as the case may be, before the State Legislature or the Union territory Legislature, where it consists of two Houses, or where such legislature consists of one House, before the House.

78. Annual report.

(1) The Authority shall prepare once in every year, in such form and at such time as may be prescribed by the appropriate Government,—

(a) a description of all the activities of the Authority for the previous year;

(b) the annual accounts for the previous year; and

(c) the programmes of work for the coming year.

(2) A copy of the report received under sub-section (1) shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is received, before each House of Parliament or, as the case may be, before the State Legislature or the Union Territory Legislature, where it consists of two Houses, or where such legislature consists of one House, before that House.

CHAPTER X

MISCELLANEOUS

79. Bar of jurisdiction

No civil court shall have jurisdiction to entertain any suit or proceeding in respect of any matter which the Authority or the adjudicating officer or the Appellate Tribunal is empowered by or under this Act to determine and no injunction shall be granted by any court or other authority in respect of any action taken or to be taken in pursuance of any power conferred by or under this Act.

80. Cognizance of offences.

(1) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder save on a complaint in writing made by the Authority or by any officer of the Authority duly authorised by it for this purpose.

(2) No court inferior to that of a Metropolitan Magistrate or a Judicial Magistrate of the first class shall try any offence punishable under this Act.

81. Delegation.

The Authority may, by general or special order in writing, delegate to any member, officer of the Authority or any other person subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the order, such of its powers and functions under this Act (except the power to make regulations under section 85, as it may deem necessary.

82. Power of appropriate Government to supersede Authority.

(1) If, at any time, the appropriate Government is of the opinion,—

(a) that, on account of circumstances beyond the control of the Authority, it is unable to discharge the functions or perform the duties imposed on it by or under the provisions of this Act; or

(b) that the Authority has persistently defaulted in complying with any direction given by the appropriate Government under this Act or in the discharge of the functions or performance of the duties imposed on it by or under the provisions of this Act and as a result of such default the financial position of the Authority or the administration of the Authority has suffered; or

(c) that circumstances exist which render it necessary in the public interest so to do, the appropriate Government may, by notification, supersede the Authority for such period, not exceeding six months, as may be specified in the notification and appoint a person or persons as the President or the Governor, as the case may be, may direct to exercise powers and discharge functions under this Act:

Provided that before issuing any such notification, the appropriate Government shall give a reasonable opportunity to the Authority to make representations against the proposed supersession and shall consider the representations, if any, of the Authority.

(2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) superseding the Authority,—

(a) the Chairperson and other Members shall, as from the date of supersession, vacate their offices as such;

(b) all the powers, functions and duties which may, by or under the provisions of this Act, be exercised or discharged by or on behalf of the Authority shall, until the Authority is reconstituted under sub-section (3), be exercised and discharged by the person or persons referred to in sub-section (1); and

(c) all properties owned or controlled by the Authority shall, until the Authority is reconstituted under sub-section (3), vest in the appropriate Government.

(3) On or before the expiration of the period of supersession specified in the notification issued under sub-section (1), the appropriate Government shall reconstitute the Authority by a fresh appointment of its Chairperson and other members and in such case any person who had vacated his office under clause (a) of sub-section (2) shall not be deemed to be disqualified for re-appointment.

(4) The appropriate Government shall cause a copy of the notification issued under sub-section (1) and a full report of any action taken under this section and the circumstances leading to such action to be laid before each House of Parliament or, as the case may be, before the State Legislature, or the Union Territory Legislature, as the case may be, where it consists of two Houses, or where such legislature consists of one House, before that House.

83. Powers of appropriate Government to issue directions to Authority and obtain reports and returns.

(1) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this Act, the Authority shall, in exercise of its powers and in performance of its functions under this Act, be bound by such directions on questions of policy, as the appropriate Government may give in writing to it from time to time :

Provided that the Authority shall, as far as practicable, be given an opportunity to express its views before any direction is given under this sub-section.

(2) If any dispute arises between the appropriate Government and the Authority as to whether a question is or is not a question of policy, the decision of the appropriate Government thereon shall be final. (3) The Authority shall furnish to the appropriate Government such returns or other information with respect to its activities as the appropriate Government may, from time to time, require.

84. Power of appropriate Government to make rules.

(1) The appropriate Government shall, within a period of six months of the commencement of this Act, by notification, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) information and documents for application to Authority for registration under clause (m) of sub-section (2) of section 4;

(b) the form and manner of making application and fee and documents to be accompanied with such application as under sub-section (2) of section 9;

(c) the period, manner and conditions under which the registration is to be granted under sub-section (3) of section 9;

(d) the validity of the period of registration and the manner and fee for renewal under sub-section (6) of section 9;

(e) the maintenance and preservation of books of account, records and documents under clause (b) of section 10;

(f) the discharge of other functions by the real estate agent under clause (e) of section 10;

(g) the rate of interest payable under section 12;

(h) the form and particulars of agreement for sale under sub-section (2) of section 13;

(i) the rate of interest payable under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 18;

(j) the rate of interest payable under sub-section (4) of section 19;

(k) the rate of interest payable under sub-section (7) of section 19;

(l) the manner of selection of Chairperson and Members of Authority under section 22;

(m) the salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the Chairperson and other Members of the Authority under sub-section (1) of section 24;

(n) the administrative powers of the Chairpersons under section 25;

(o) the salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the officers and other employees of the Authority under sub-section (2) of section 28;

(p) the details to be published on the website as under clause (b) and under clause (d) of section 34;

(q) the additional functions which may be performed by the Authority under clause (iv) of sub-section (2) of section 35;

(r) the manner of recovery of interest, penalty and compensation under sub-section (1) of section 40;

- (s) the manner of implementation of the order, direction or decisions of the adjudicating officer, the Authority or the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (2) of section 40; (t) recommendations received from the Central Advisory Council under sub-section (2) of section 42;
- (u) the form and manner and fee for filling of appeal under sub-section (2) of section 44;
- (v) the manner of selection of Members of the Tribunal under sub-section (3) of section 46;
- (w) the salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the Chairperson and other Members of the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (1) of section 48;
- (x) the procedure for inquiry of the charges against the Chairperson or Judicial Member of the Tribunal under sub-section (4) of section 49;
- (y) the salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the officers and employees of the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (3) of section 51;
- (z) any other powers of the Tribunal under clause (h) of sub-section (4) of section 53;
- (za) the powers of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal under section 54;
- (zb) the terms and conditions and the payment of such sum for compounding of the offences under section 70;
- (zc) the manner of inquiry under sub-section (1) of section 71;
- (zd) the form to be specified in which the Authority shall prepare a budget, maintain proper accounts and other relevant records and prepare an annual statement of accounts under sub-section (1) of section 77;
- (ze) the form in which and time at which the Authority shall prepare an annual report under sub-section (1) of section 78;
- (zf) any other matter which is to be, or may be, prescribed, or in respect of which provision is to be made, by rules.

85. Power to make regulations.

(1) The Authority shall, within a period of three months of its establishment, by notification, make regulations, consistent with this Act and the rules made thereunder to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the form and manner of making application and fee payable herewith under sub-section (1) of section 4;

(b) the form of application and the fees for extension of registration under section 6;

(c) such other information and documents required under clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 11;

(d) display of sanctioned plans, layout plans along with specifications, approved by the competent authority, for display under clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 11;

(e) preparation and maintenance of other details under sub-section (6) of section 11;

(f) time, places and the procedure in regard to transaction of business at the meetings of the Authority under sub-section (1) of section 29; (g) the form, manner and fees for filing a complaint under sub-section (2) of section 31;

(h) standard fees to be levied on the promoter, the allottees or the real estate agent under clause (e) of section 34;

(i) any other matter which is required to be, or may be, specified by regulation or in respect of which provision is to be made by regulations.

86. Laying of rules.

(1) Every rule made by the Central Government, every regulation made by the Authority under the Union territory of Delhi and the Union territories without Legislature and every notification issued by the Central Government under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule of regulation or in the notification, as the case may be, or both Houses agree that the rule or regulation or the notification should not be made, the rule or regulation or notification, as the case may be, shall thereafter have effect only in

such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation or notification, as the case may be.

(2) Every rule made by a State Government or the Union territory Government, as the case may be, every regulation made by the Authority under the State Government or the Union territory Government of Puducherry, as the case may be, and every notification issued by the State Government or the Union territory Government of Puducherry, as the case may be, under this Act, shall be laid as soon as may be, after it is made, before the State Legislature, or the Union territory Legislature, as the case may be, where it consists of two Houses, or where such legislature consists of one House, before that House.

87. Members, etc., to be public servants.

The Chairperson, Members and other officers and employees of the Authority, and the Appellate Tribunal and the adjudicating officer shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

88. Application of other laws not barred.

The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, the provisions of any other law for the time being in force.

RULES

23. Application of other laws not barred: - Nothing in these rules or the regulations of the Authority shall be construed to be in derogation of, provisions of any other laws or rules for the time being in force and rules and regulations made there under.

89. Act to have overriding effect.

The provisions of this Act shall have effect, notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force.

RULES

23. Application of other laws not barred: - Nothing in these rules or the regulations of the Authority shall be construed to be in derogation of, provisions of any other laws or rules for the time being in force and rules and regulations made there under.

90. Protection of action taken in good faith.

No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against the appropriate Government or the Authority or any officer of the appropriate Government or any member, officer or other employees of the Authority for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder.

91. Power to remove difficulties.

(1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, by order, published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as may appear to be necessary for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no order shall be made under this section after the expiry of two years from the date of the commencement of this Act.

(2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament.

92. Repeal.

The Maharashtra Housing (Regulation and Development) Act, 2012 is hereby repealed.